

Release Notes for Microchip Memory Disk Drive File System

Version 1.2.3

August 31, 2009

1. Description

This library is intended to provide an interface to file systems compatible with ISO/IEC specification 9293 (commonly referred to as FAT12 and FAT16). The FAT32 file system is also supported, although long file names are not implemented. This library includes four different physical interface files: one for SecureDigital card interface using the SPI module, one for CompactFlash card interface using manual bit toggling, one for CompactFlash card interface using the Parallel Master Port module included on several PIC24/PIC32 microcontrollers, and one template interface file that can be modified by the user to create a custom interface layer to an unsupported device.. In addition, Microchip's USB Host stack (available from www.microchip.com/usb) can be used as a physical layer.

2. Changes In This Release

From version 1.2.2

- a. Added FSGetDiskProperties() function. This function gets the remaining disk space as well as other properties such as sector size, clusters per sector, partition format, etc.
- b. Fixed bug that prevented the last two clusters in a partition from being allocated.

From version 1.2.1

- c. Improved the SPI code operation and prescaler calculation.
- d. Cast the root directory size value determination to a double word for devices in which the root directory begins after 0xFFFF clusters.
- e. Changed the size of the index variable in the FSformat function to allow calculation in devices with larger FATs.
- f. Replaced several hard-coded values with references to MEDIA_SECTOR_SIZE.
- g. Changed the return mechanism of the MediaInitialize function to provide compatibility with the USB stack. This function will now return a pointer to a MEDIA_INFORMATION structure, which contains an error code and (for the USB stack) the size of a sector (in bytes) and the number of LUNs on the device. This structure's definition is located in FSDefs.h.
- h. Added a new error code: CE_UNSUPPORTED_SECTOR_SIZE indicates that the sector size of the device is not supported by the file system.

From version 1.2.0

- a. Fixed an issue with the calculation of the SPI prescaler value for 16-bit microcontrollers.
- b. Changed the 'cwdclus' type in the SearchRec structure to 'unsigned long'
- c. Fixed a potential null-pointer reference in the Cache_File_Entry() function

- d. Improved PIC32 reliability.
- e. Changed PIC32 code to allow the user to select which SPI module to use. Selection is performed using #define macros in HardwareProfile.h.
- f. Changed PIC32 code to allow the user to define the desired SPI clock frequency. Selection is performed by setting #define SPI_FREQUENCY to the desired value in HardwareProfiles.h.
- g. Changed the return type of MDD_SDSPI_ShutdownMedia to match the USB Host ShutdownMedia function.
- h. Replaced instances of __C18XX with __18CXX
- i. Added the packed attribute to several structures in FSDefs.h.

From version 1.1.2

- a. Fixed a bug that prevented the library from correctly loading the boot sector on devices with no Master Boot Record.
- b. Added support for 8.3 format directory names (up to 8 name characters and 3 extension characters.) To create or access directories with extensions, use path strings with radix characters (e.g. FSmkdir ("EXAMPLE.DIR")).
- c. Added checks to the FSmkdir function to prevent the user from creating files with too many radix characters ('.'). Radixes at the beginning of the directory name will cause the FSmkdir function to fail.
- d. Added a check to the FSrmdir function to prevent the user from using it to delete non-directory files or the current working directory.
- e. Added the question mark ('?') partial string search operator to the FindFirst and FindNext functions. Now when calling FindFirst or FindNext, you can skip checks of individual characters by replacing them with question marks in the search string. For example, calling FindFirst ("F?L?.TX?", ATTR_ARCHIVE, &rec); would let you find the files "FILE.TXT," "FOLD.TXT," "FILM.TXM," etc.
- f. Modified the FindFirst and FindNext functions to correctly output directory names with extensions.
- g. Modified the FSgetcwd function to correctly insert directory names with extensions in a path string.
- h. Merged the functions to validate file/directory name characters together.
- i. Added three new methods of opening files. To use these methods, just specify the new strings as the mode argument in the FSfopen function. The new modes are:
 - a. "r+": File will be opened for reading or writing
 - b. "w+": File will be opened for reading or writing. If the file exists, its length will be truncated to 0.
 - c. "a+": File will be opened for reading or writing. If the file exists, the current location within the file will be set to the end of the file.
- j. Modified the FSfopen function to allow the user to open directories in the read mode.
- k. Modified the FSrename function. Now, to rename a directory, open the directory in read mode with FSfopen and pass the pointer to that open directory into FSrename.
- l. Added a new function. The FSattrib function will allow the user to change the attributes of files and directories. The API is:

```
Function:      int FSattrib (FSFILE * file, unsigned char
attributes)
```

PreCondition: The file or directory pointed to by 'file' has been opened successfully.
Input: file - The file or directory to modify
attributes - The new attributes, including:

Attribute	Value	Indication
ATTR_READ_ONLY	0x01	The read-only attribute
ATTR_HIDDEN	0x02	The hidden attribute
ATTR_SYSTEM	0x04	The system attribute
ATTR_ARCHIVE	0x20	The archive attribute

Output: int - Returns 0 if success, -1 otherwise
Side Effects: None
Overview: Change the attributes of a file or directory.
Note: None
Example:

```
FSFILE * pointer;
pointer = FSfopen ("FILE.TXT", "r");
if (pointer == NULL)
    // Error
if (FSattrib (pointer, ATTR_READ_ONLY | ATTR_HIDDEN) != 0)
    // Error
FSfclose (pointer);
```

- m. Modified the SD Data Logger project to include a new shell command; the 'ATTRIB' command will let the user change or display the attributes of a file.

Example 1: ATTRIB +R +S -H -A FILE.TXT

This command will give the file FILE.TXT the read-only and system attributes, and remove the hidden and archive attributes, if they're set.

Example 2: ATTRIB FILE.TXT

This example will display the attributes of FILE.TXT.

- n. Added a new function. The FSferror function will provide information about why a previously called function failed. The API is:

Function: int FSerror (void)
PreCondition: None
Input: None
Output: int - Value depends on the last failing function

```
FSInit
    CE_GOOD - No Error
    CE_INIT_ERROR - The physical media could not be
        initialized
    CE_BAD_SECTOR_READ - The MBR or the boot sector could
        not be read correctly.
    CE_BAD_PARTITION - The MBR signature code was
        incorrect.
    CE_NOT_FORMATTED - The boot sector signature code was
        incorrect or indicates an invalid number of
        bytes per sector.
    CE_CARDFAT32 - The physical media is FAT32 type (only
        an error when FAT32 support is disabled).
    CE_UNSUPPORTED_FS - The device is formatted with an
        unsupported file system (not FAT12 or 16).
```

```
FSfopen
    CE_GOOD - No Error
    CE_NOT_INIT - The device has not been initialized.
    CE_TOO_MANY_FILES_OPEN - The function could not
        allocate any additional file information to the
        array of FSFILE structures or the heap.
```

CE_INVALID_FILENAME - The file name argument was invalid.
CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The user attempted to open a directory in a write mode or specified an invalid mode argument.
CE_FILE_NOT_FOUND - The specified file (which was to be opened in read mode) does not exist on the device.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - A read from the device failed.
CE_ERASE_FAIL - The existing file could not be erased (when opening a file in WRITE mode).
CE_DIR_FULL - The directory is full.
CE_DISK_FULL - The data memory section is full.
CE_WRITE_ERROR - A write to the device failed.
CE_SEEK_ERROR - The current position in the file could not be set to the end (when the file was opened in APPEND mode).

FSfclose

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_WRITE_ERROR - The existing data in the data buffer or the new file entry information could not be written to the device.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - The file entry information could not be cached

FSfread

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_WRITEONLY - The file was opened in a write-only mode.
CE_WRITE_ERROR - The existing data in the data buffer could not be written to the device.
CE_BAD_SECTOR_READ - The data sector could not be read.
CE_EOF - The end of the file was reached.
CE_COULD_NOT_GET_CLUSTER - Additional clusters in the file could not be loaded.

FSfwrite

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_READONLY - The file was opened in a read-only mode.
CE_WRITE_PROTECTED - The device write-protect check function indicated that the device has been write-protected.
CE_WRITE_ERROR - There was an error writing data to the device.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - The data sector to be modified could not be read from the device.
CE_DISK_FULL - All data clusters on the device are in use.

FSfseek

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_WRITE_ERROR - The existing data in the data buffer could not be written to the device.
CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The specified offset exceeds the size of the file.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - The sector that contains the new current position could not be loaded.
CE_COULD_NOT_GET_CLUSTER - Additional clusters in the file could not be loaded/allocated.

FSftell

CE_GOOD - No Error

FSattrib

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The attribute argument was invalid.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - The existing file entry information could not be loaded.
CE_WRITE_ERROR - The file entry information could not be written to the device.

FSrename

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_FILENOTOPENED - A null file pointer was passed into the function.
CE_INVALID_FILENAME - The file name passed into the function was invalid.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - A read from the device failed.
CE_FILENAME_EXISTS - A file with the specified name already exists.
CE_WRITE_ERROR - The new file entry data could not be written to the device.

FSfeof

CE_GOOD - No Error

FSformat

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_INIT_ERROR - The device could not be initialized.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - The master boot record or boot sector could not be loaded successfully.
CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The user selected to create their own boot sector on a device that has no master boot record, or the mode argument was invalid.
CE_WRITE_ERROR - The updated MBR/Boot sector could not be written to the device.
CE_BAD_PARTITION - The calculated number of sectors per clusters was invalid.
CE_NONSUPPORTED_SIZE - The card has too many sectors to be formatted as FAT12 or FAT16.

FSremove

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_WRITE_PROTECTED - The device write-protect check function indicated that the device has been write-protected.
CE_INVALID_FILENAME - The specified filename was invalid.
CE_FILE_NOT_FOUND - The specified file could not be found.
CE_ERASE_FAIL - The file could not be erased.

FSchdir

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The path string was mis-formed or the user tried to change to a non-directory file.
CE_BADCACHEREAD - A directory entry could not be cached.
CE_DIR_NOT_FOUND - Could not find a directory in the path.

FSgetcwd

- CE_GOOD - No Error
- CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The user passed a 0-length buffer into the function.
- CE_BADCACHEREAD - A directory entry could not be cached.
- CE_BAD_SECTOR_READ - The function could not determine a previous directory of the CWD.

FSmkdir

- CE_GOOD - No Error
- CE_WRITE_PROTECTED - The device write-protect check function indicated that the device has been write-protected.
- CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The path string was mis-formed.
- CE_BADCACHEREAD - Could not successfully change to a recently created directory to store its dir entry information, or could not cache directory entry information.
- CE_INVALID_FILENAME - One or more of the directory names has an invalid format.
- CE_WRITE_ERROR - The existing data in the data buffer could not be written to the device or the dot/dotdot entries could not be written to a newly created directory.
- CE_DIR_FULL - There are no available dir entries in the CWD.
- CE_DISK_FULL - There are no available clusters in the data region of the device.

FSrmdir

- CE_GOOD - No Error
- CE_DIR_NOT_FOUND - The directory specified could not be found or the function could not change to a subdirectory within the directory to be deleted (when recursive delete is enabled).
- CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The user tried to remove the CWD or root directory.
- CE_BADCACHEREAD - A directory entry could not be cached.
- CE_DIR_NOT_EMPTY - The directory to be deleted was not empty and recursive subdirectory removal was disabled.
- CE_ERASE_FAIL - The directory or one of the directories or files within it could not be deleted.
- CE_BAD_SECTOR_READ - The function could not determine a previous directory of the CWD.

SetClockVars

- CE_GOOD - No Error
- CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The time values passed into the function were invalid.

FindFirst

- CE_GOOD - No Error
- CE_INVALID_FILENAME - The specified filename was invalid.
- CE_FILE_NOT_FOUND - No file matching the specified criteria was found.
- CE_BADCACHEREAD - The file information for the file that was found could not be cached.

FindNext

```

CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_NOT_INIT - The SearchRec object was not initialized
               by a call to FindFirst.
CE_INVALID_ARGUMENT - The SearchRec object was
               initialized in a different directory from the
               CWD.
CE_INVALID_FILENAME - The filename is invalid.
CE_FILE_NOT_FOUND - No file matching the specified
               criteria was found.

```

```

FSfprintf
CE_GOOD - No Error
CE_WRITE_ERROR - Characters could not be written to
               the file.

```

```

Side Effects:    None
Overview:       Returns an error value for the last function
called.
Note:           None
Example:

```

```

    int error;
    FSFILE * pointer;
    pointer = FSfopen ("FILE.TXT", "r");
    if (pointer == NULL)
        error = FSferror();
    switch (error)
    {
        // Error handling
    }

```

- o. Revised most of the comment headers in the library.
- p. Generated a CHM help file for the library. This file can be found in the (default) directory "...\\Microchip Solutions\\Microchip\\Help"
- q. Removed extraneous macros and definitions.
- r. Added a new Microchip standard header file (Compiler.h) to the library.
- s. Removed the architecture-type configuration from the sample HardwareProfile.h files. This will now be taken care of automatically within the source files.

From version 1.1.1

- a. Fixed a bug that prevented the allocation of new clusters to the root directory in FAT32 implementations.
- b. Fixed a bug that prevented writing more than one cluster's worth of file entries to the root directory in FAT16/FAT12 implementations.
- c. Fixed a bug that returned an incorrect date for directory entries located in the first directory entry after a cluster boundary of a FAT32 root directory.
- d. Fixed a bug with FSrename that would cause the function to improperly fail if the directory entries in the current working directory (or previous directory, when renaming the CWD) completely filled a cluster (and no data clusters were allocated to the directory after that).

From version 1.1.0

- a. Fixed a bug with the PIC24 clock divider that was causing the interface to run more slowly than intended.
- b. Added support for PIC32 microcontrollers.

From version 1.01

- a. Added support for FAT32. To enable this functionality, make sure the SUPPORT_FAT32 macro is uncommented in FSconfig.h.
- b. Added functions to provide support for the USB Mass Storage Host code.
- c. Moved pin and hardware definitions from physical interface files to HardwareProfiles.h.
- d. Created function pointers for functions that vary between interface files. These are located in FSconfig.h.
- e. Moved macros to select the correct physical layer to HardwareProfiles.h.
- f. Modified the SD-SPI physical layer to ensure that communication speed during startup falls between 100 kHz and 400 kHz
- g. Created a new example project: MDD File System-PIC24-SD Data Logger. This project contains code for a shell-style program based on the USB Thumb-drive shell demonstrated in Application Note 1145.
- h. Decreased the delay in the SD-SPI media initialization from 100 ms to 1 ms.
- i. Added the ability to change directories when writes are disabled.

From version 1.0

- a. FindFirst and FindNext will now return the create time/data in the timestamp field of a SearchRec object when they return values for a directory.
- b. Corrects a bug in the FindEmptyCluster function when searching for files beyond the end of a storage device.
- c. Automatically aligns buffers for 16-bit architectures.
- d. For the SPI interface, prescaler divides will now be determined dynamically based on the system clock speed defined in FSconfig.h.
- e. The DiskMount, LoadMBR, LoadBootSector, and FSFormat functions, as well as the gDiskData, gFATBuffer, and gDataBuffer structures are now located in FSIO.c instead of in the interface files.
- f. The SectorRead function will now do a dummy read of the sector and discard the data if it is called with NULL as the data pointer.
- g. Replaced the device initialization code in the FSFormat function with calls to InitIO and MediaInitialize.
- h. The MediaDetect function is not de-bounced. In order to determine that a device is available, you must call MediaDetect, wait for an appropriate amount of time, and then call it again.
- i. The sample linker script in the MDD File System-PIC18-CF-DynMem-UserDefClock project has been modified. Previously, several databanks were merged together; this caused an issue accessing variables that spanned multiple data banks. C18 only allows users to access variables like these using pointers.
- j. Added a new user function. The FSrename function will allow the user to rename files and directories. A version that accepts a ROM filename is available for PIC18 (FSrenamepgm). The API is:

```
Function:          int FSrename (const char *fileName, FSFILE * fo)
```



```

PreCondition:  None
Input:        fileName  - The new name of the file
              fo        - The file to rename
Output:       int       - Returns 0 if success, -1 otherwise
Side Effects:  None
Overview:     Change the name of a file or directory
Note:        This function will change the name of the current
              working directory if 'fo' equals NULL.

```

3. Known Issues

a. This implementation does not support long file names. When using the FSremove or FSremovepgm functions on a file with long file names, the file's FAT entries and short name directory entry will be deleted successfully, but any long file name entries will not be removed.

4. Compiler Version Used

This library was compiled using MPLAB C18 v.3.21, MPLAB C30 v.3.11b, and MPLAB C32 v1.3 C compilers.

5. Memory Size

Unoptimized memory usage for the file interface library using the SD-SPI physical layer is given in Table 1. 512 bytes of data memory are used for the data buffer, and an additional 512 are used for the file allocation table buffer. Additional data memory will be needed based on the number of files opened by the user at once. The default data memory values provided include space for two files opened in static allocation mode. The C18 data memory value includes a 512 byte stack. The first row of the table indicates the smallest amount of memory that the library will use (for read-only mode), and each subsequent row indicates the increase in memory caused by enabling other functionality. Optimized and unoptimized totals for program and data memory with all functions enabled are listed after the table. This data was compiled while allowing two file objects to be opened simultaneously.

Table 1: Memory Usage (Unoptimized)

Functions Included	Program Memory (C18)	Data Memory (C18)	Program Memory (C30)	Data Memory (C30)	Program Memory (C32)	Data Memory (C32)
All extra functions disabled (read only mode)	25203 bytes	1886 bytes	14460 bytes	1324 bytes	20196 bytes	2904 bytes
Read only mode with directory support	+8092 bytes	+77 bytes	+4182 bytes	+80 bytes	+5484 bytes	+92 bytes
File Search enabled	+3556 bytes	+0 bytes	+1497 bytes	+0 bytes	+1968 bytes	+0 bytes

Functions Included	Program Memory (C18)	Data Memory (C18)	Program Memory (C30)	Data Memory (C30)	Program Memory (C32)	Data Memory (C32)
Write enabled	+17366 bytes	+0 bytes	+9396 bytes	+0 bytes	+11632 bytes	+0 bytes
Format enabled (Write must be enabled)	+7394 bytes	+0 bytes	+4839 bytes	+0 bytes	+5088 bytes	+0 bytes
Directories enabled (With writes enabled)	+16293 bytes	+90 bytes	+8751 bytes	+80 bytes	+11704 bytes	+92 bytes
FSprintf enabled	Not testable under specified conditions		+4827 bytes	+0 bytes	+8536 bytes	+0 bytes
File Search and Directories enabled	+250 bytes	+0 bytes	+57 bytes	+0 bytes	+68 bytes	+0 bytes
Pgm functions enabled	+2640 bytes	+0 bytes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Total memory usage*

C18:

Unoptimized Program memory- 72702 bytes

Unoptimized Data memory- 1976 bytes

Optimized Program memory- 38134 bytes

Optimized Data Memory- 1976 bytes

C30:

Unoptimized Program memory- 43827 bytes

Unoptimized Data memory- 1404 bytes

Optimized Program memory- 24903 bytes

Optimized Data memory- 1404 bytes

C32:

Unoptimized Program memory- 59192 bytes

Unoptimized Data memory- 2996 bytes

Optimized Program memory- 35236 bytes

Optimized Data memory- 2996 bytes

*Note: C18 total memory usage does not include FSprintf functionality. Since FSprintf requires integer promotion to be enabled, using it greatly increases the code size of all functions.

6. More Information

More detailed information about the operation of this library is available in Application Note 1045, available from www.microchip.com.