

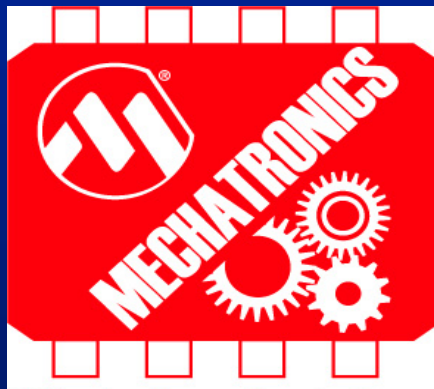


**MICROCHIP**  
*InControl*



# **Mechatronics WIB**

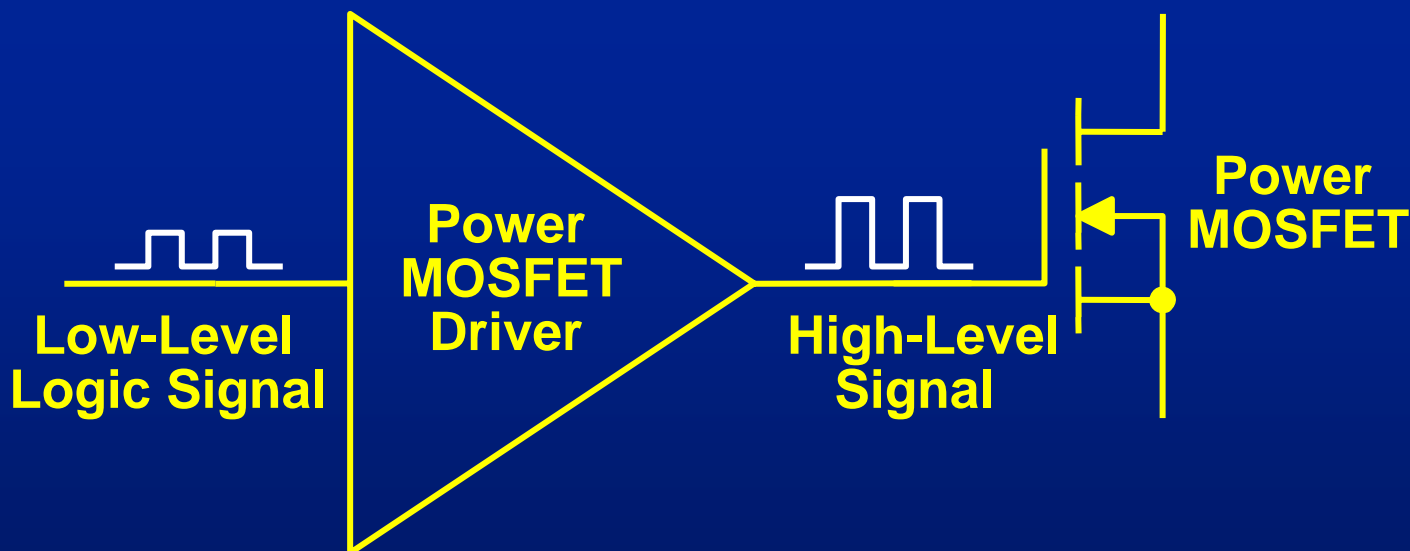
## **Selecting Power MOSFET Drivers**





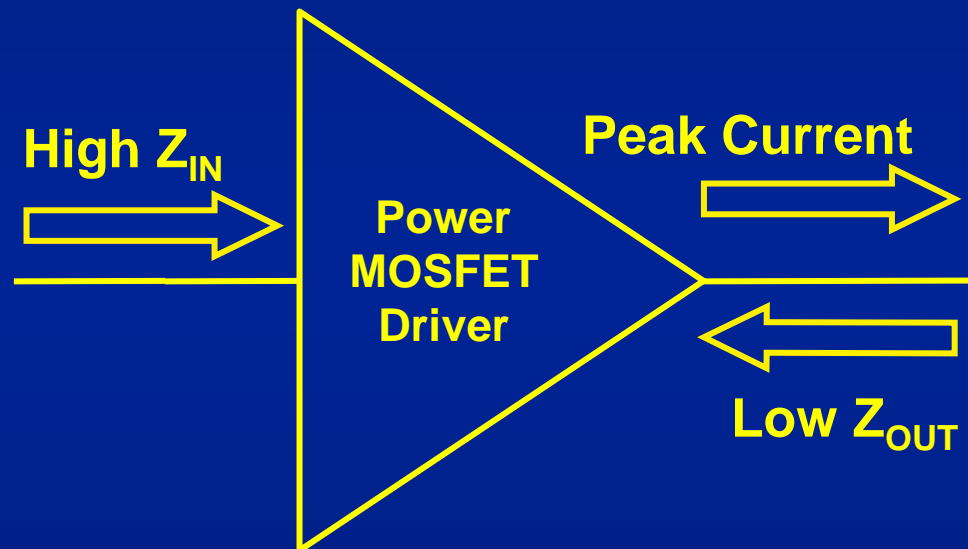
# What is a Power MOSFET Driver?

- **Power MOSFET Drivers Transform**
  - ❖ **Low-Level Logic Signal**
  - ❖ **High-Level Signal**
  - ❖ **Capable of Driving Power MOSFETs**



# Power MOSFET Driver Key Characteristics

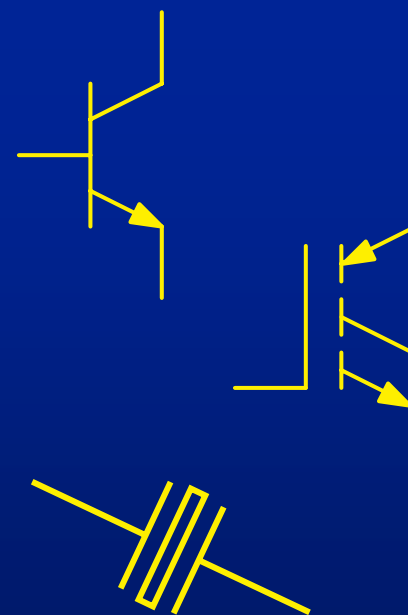
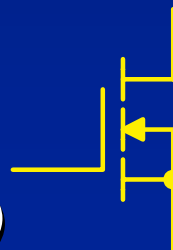
- High Input Impedance
- Low Output Impedance
- Provide Large Peak Currents
- Low Internal Delays
- Fast Output Rise & Fall Times
- Minimize Shoot-Through Currents





# What Do Power MOSFET Drivers Drive?

- **Power MOSFETs**
  - ❖ **Known Under Various Tradenames**
    - ❖ VMOS
    - ❖ TMOS
    - ❖ Vertical DMOS
    - ❖ HEXFET
- **BJTs (Bipolar Junction Transistor)**
- **IGBTs (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor)**
- **Piezo Electric Transducers**





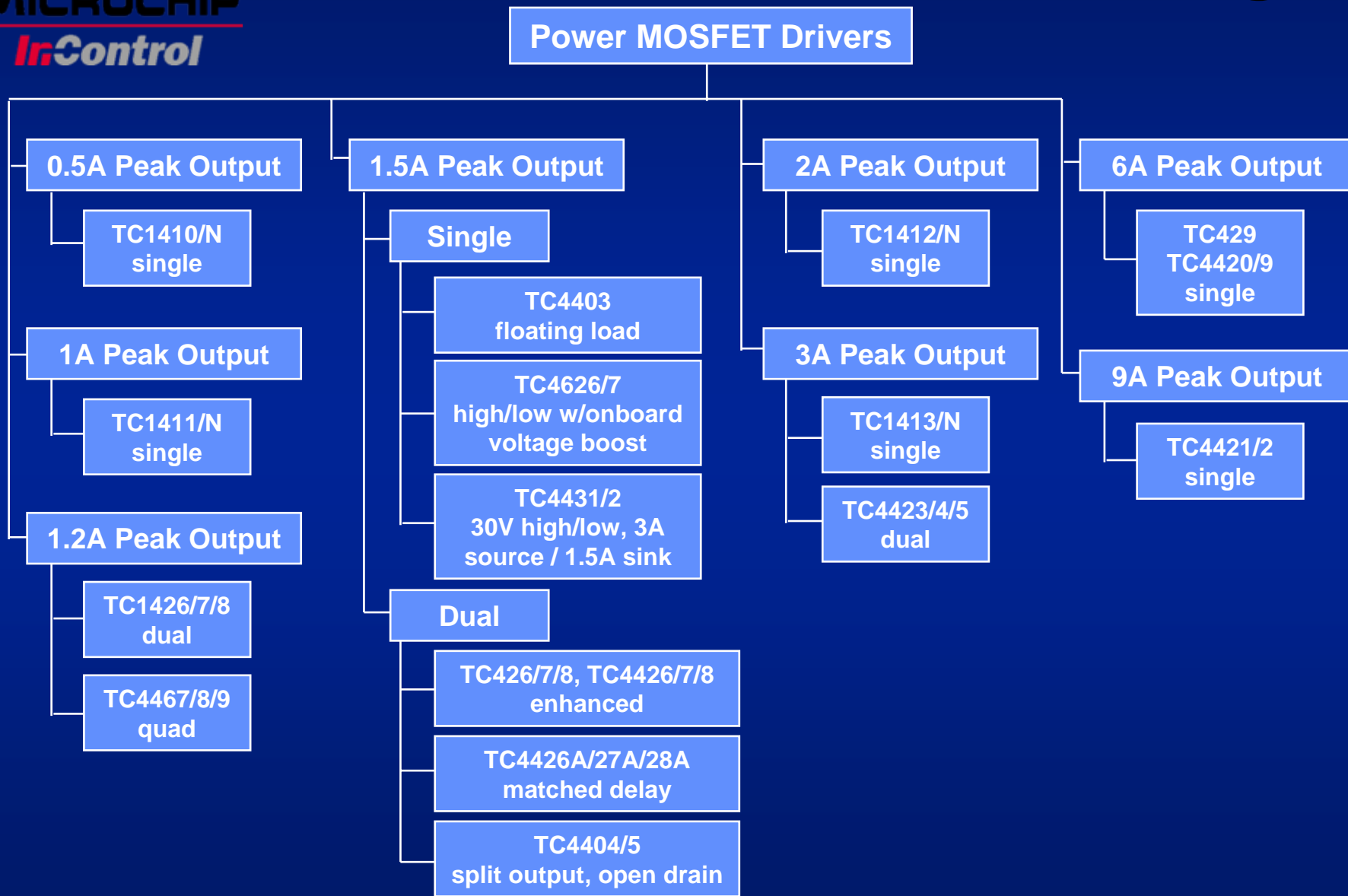
# Power MOSFET Driver Applications

- Motors
- Relays and Solenoids
- Switch Mode Power Supply (SMPS)
- CCDs
- Inductive Loads
- Transducers
- Visual Indicators





# MOSFET Driver Offering



# Microchip MOSFET Driver

## Key Features

- Broad operating voltage range: 4.5V to 30V
- Broad peak current capability: 0.5A to 12A
- Input / output delay: 30 to 75 ns
- Low power dissipation
- Single, dual, quad packages
- Special features
  - ❖ Superior ESD & latch-up protection
  - ❖ TTL compatible
  - ❖ Operating junction temperature to 150°C



# Power MOSFET Driver Key Parameters By Application

## Low Speed Applications:

- ❖ Key Parameters:  $V_{OH}$ ,  $V_{OL}$ 
  - ❖ Level Shifters
  - ❖ H-Bridge Motor Controllers
  - ❖ Voltage Inverters.

## ● High Speed Applications:

- ❖ Key Parameters:  $V_{OH}$ ,  $V_{OL}$ ,  $I_{PK}$ ,  $t_R$ ,  $t_F$ ,  $t_{D1}$ ,  $t_{D2}$ 
  - ❖ Switch Mode Power Supplies

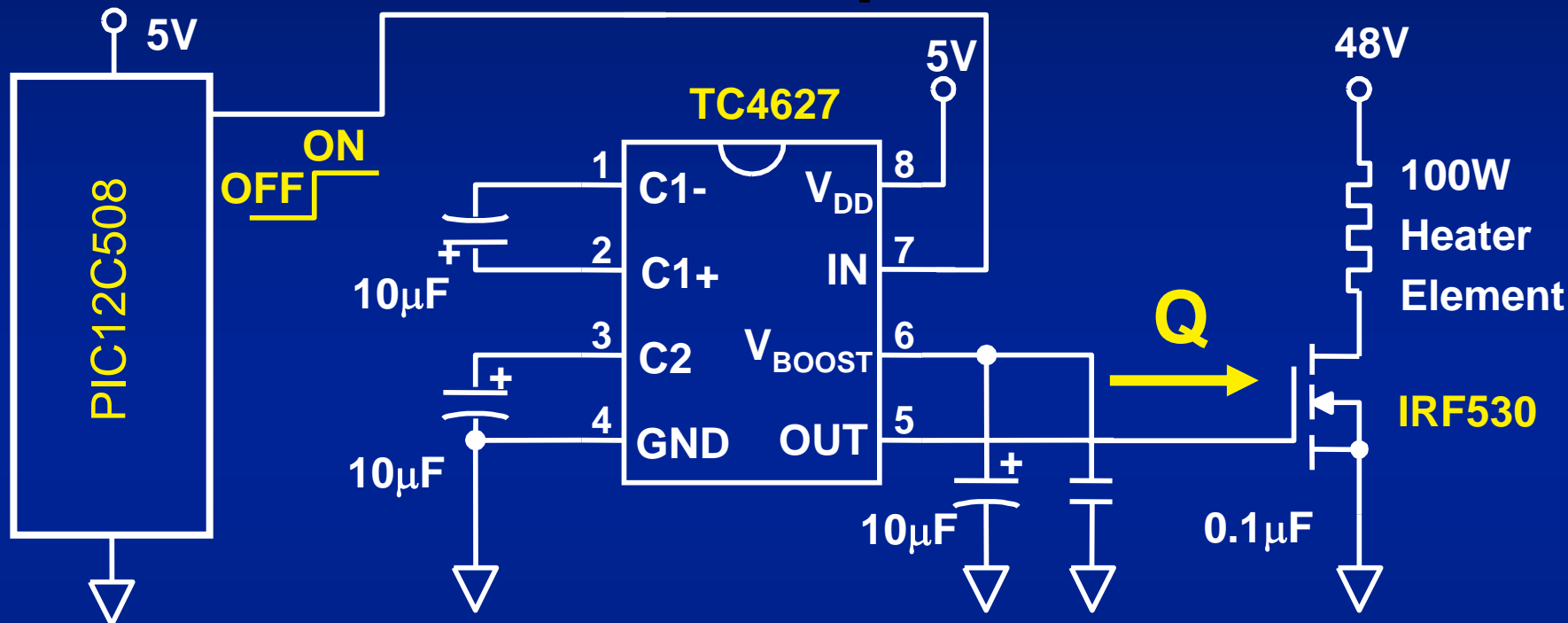




The diagram illustrates a 100W heater element driver circuit. A PIC12C508 microcontroller is connected to a 5V supply and ground. Its output pin is connected to the ON/OFF control input of the TC4627 MOSFET driver. The TC4627 is powered by a 5V supply (V<sub>DD</sub>) and ground (GND). Its input (IN) is connected to the microcontroller's output. The output (OUT) of the TC4627 drives the gate of an IRF530 MOSFET. The IRF530's source is connected to ground, and its drain is connected to one terminal of a 100W heater element. The other terminal of the heater element is connected to a 48V supply. The circuit includes several capacitors: two 10μF capacitors for the TC4627's C1 and C2 nodes, a 10μF capacitor for the IRF530's gate, and a 0.1μF capacitor for the IRF530's drain.

- **IRF530**
  - ❖ **Requires Gate-to-Source Drive Voltage of  $\geq 10V$**
- **TC4627**
  - ❖ **Provides Output Voltage of 15V**

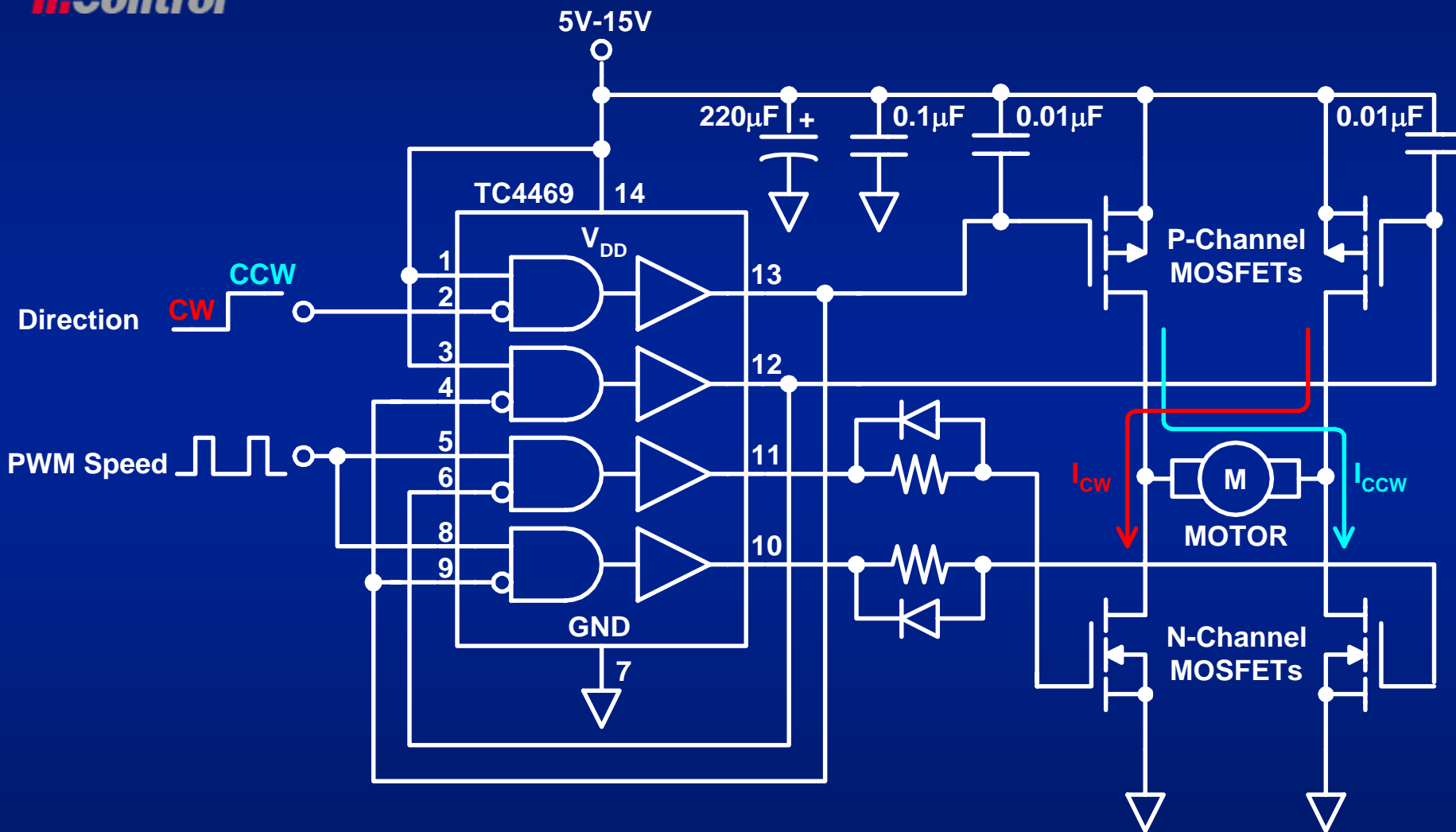
# Driver / MOSFET Requirements



- **Gate-to-Source Drive Voltage = 15V**
- **Specifications Not Important For This Application:**
  - ❖ **Total Gate Charge ( $Q_G$ ) from Driver  $\geq 37\text{nC}$**
  - ❖ **Switch Time  $\leq 0.1\mu\text{s} = \text{TC4627}_{\text{DELAY}} + \text{TC4627}_{\text{RISE TIME}} + \text{IRF530}_{\text{SWITCH TIME}}$**
  - ❖  **$I_{PK} = 1.5\text{A}$**

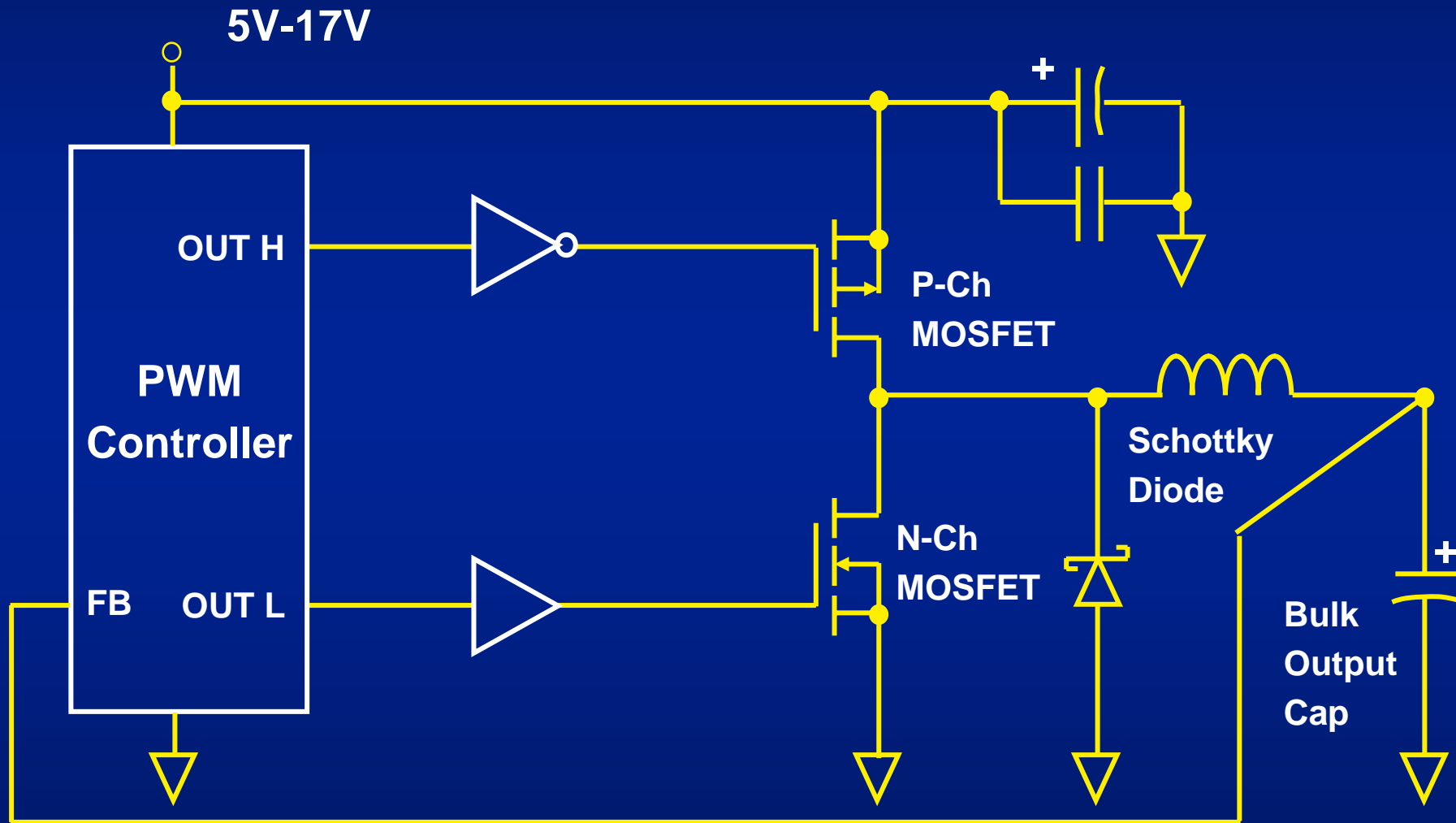


# H-Bridge Driver Application





# High Speed Switch-Mode Power Supply (SMPS) Application





# MOSFET Interface

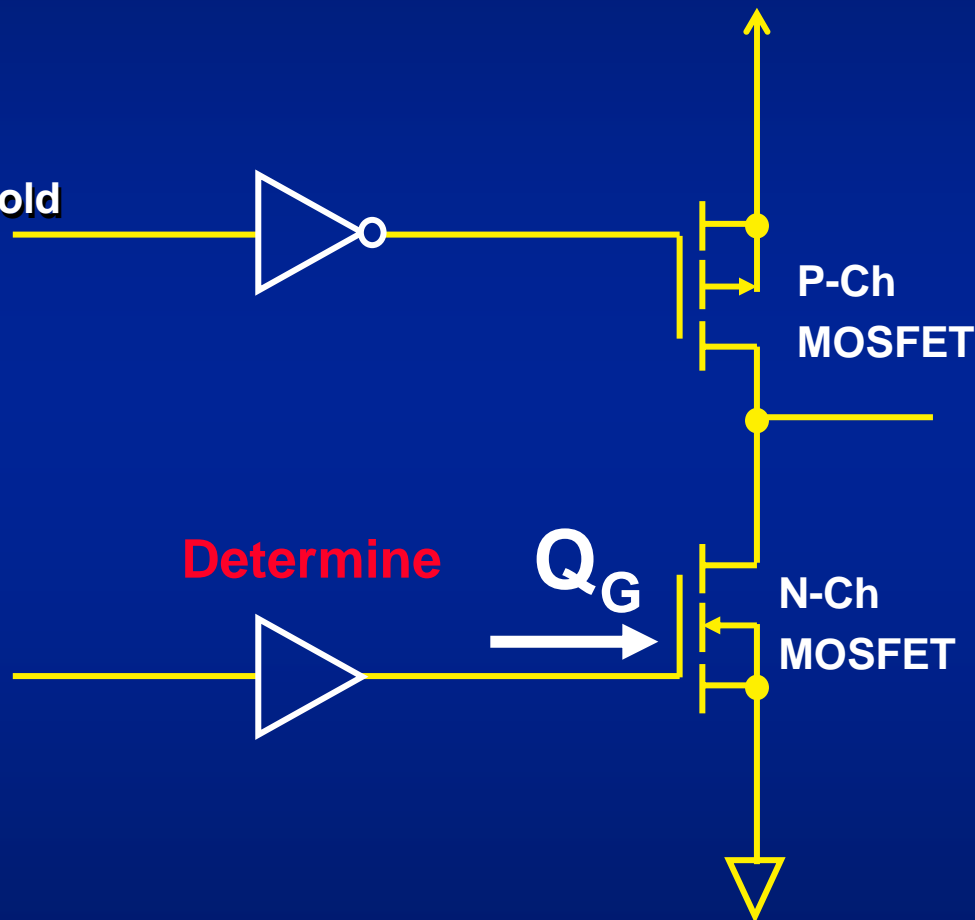
## Key Issues

- **MOSFET**

- ❖ Total Required Gate Charge,  $Q_G$
- ❖ Gate-to-Source Threshold Voltage,  $V_{GS(TH)}$

- **Driver**

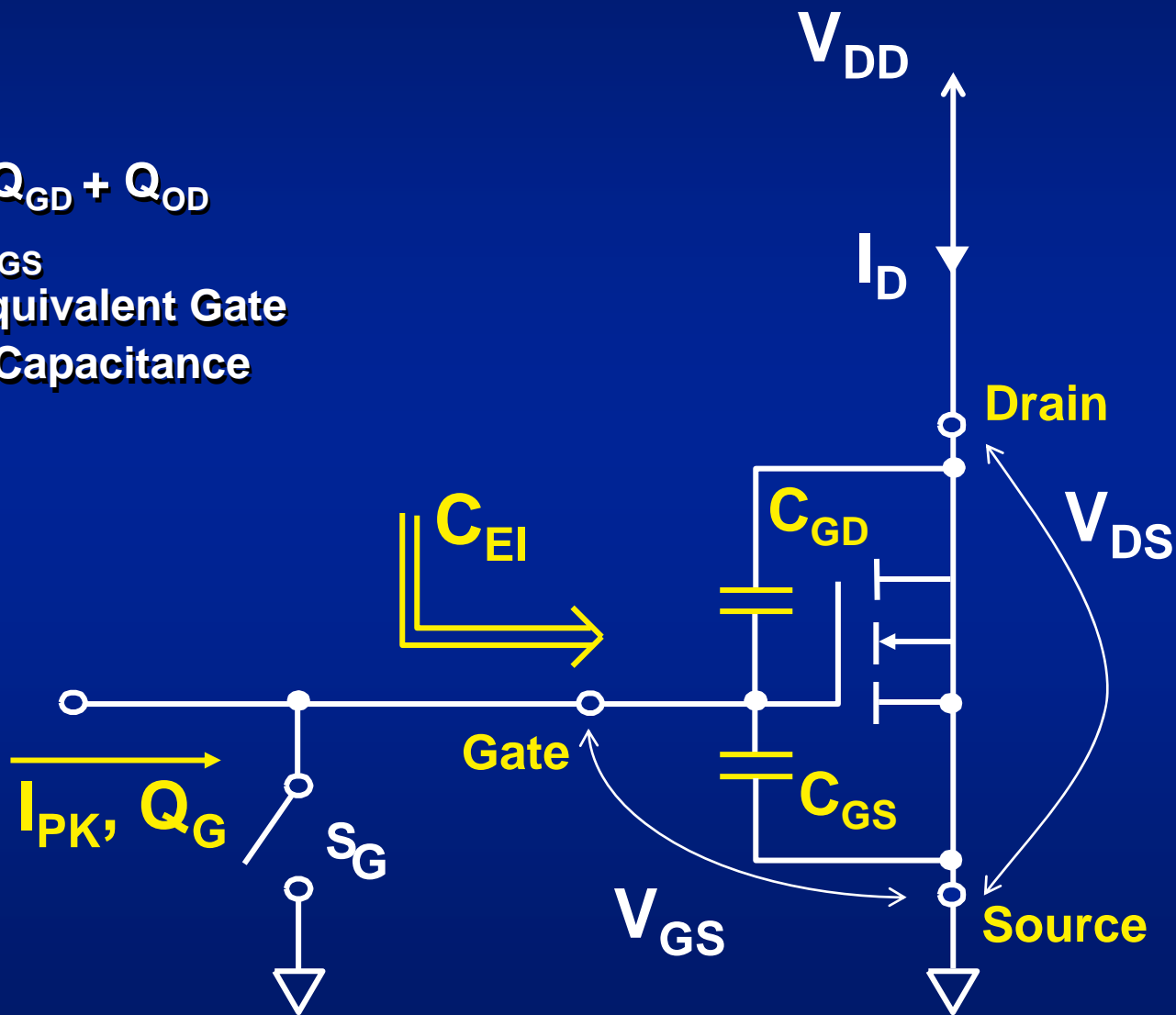
- ❖ Output Swing
  - ❖  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$
- ❖ Peak Output Current,  $I_{PK}$
- ❖ Rise and Fall Times
  - ❖  $t_R$ ,  $t_F$
- ❖ Delay Times
  - ❖  $t_{D1}$ ,  $t_{D2}$





# MOSFET Driver Design Equations

- $Q_G = t \times I_{PK}$
- $Q_G = Q_{GS} + Q_{GD} + Q_{OD}$
- $Q_G = C_{EI} \times V_{GS}$ 
  - ❖  $C_{EI}$  = Equivalent Gate Capacitance

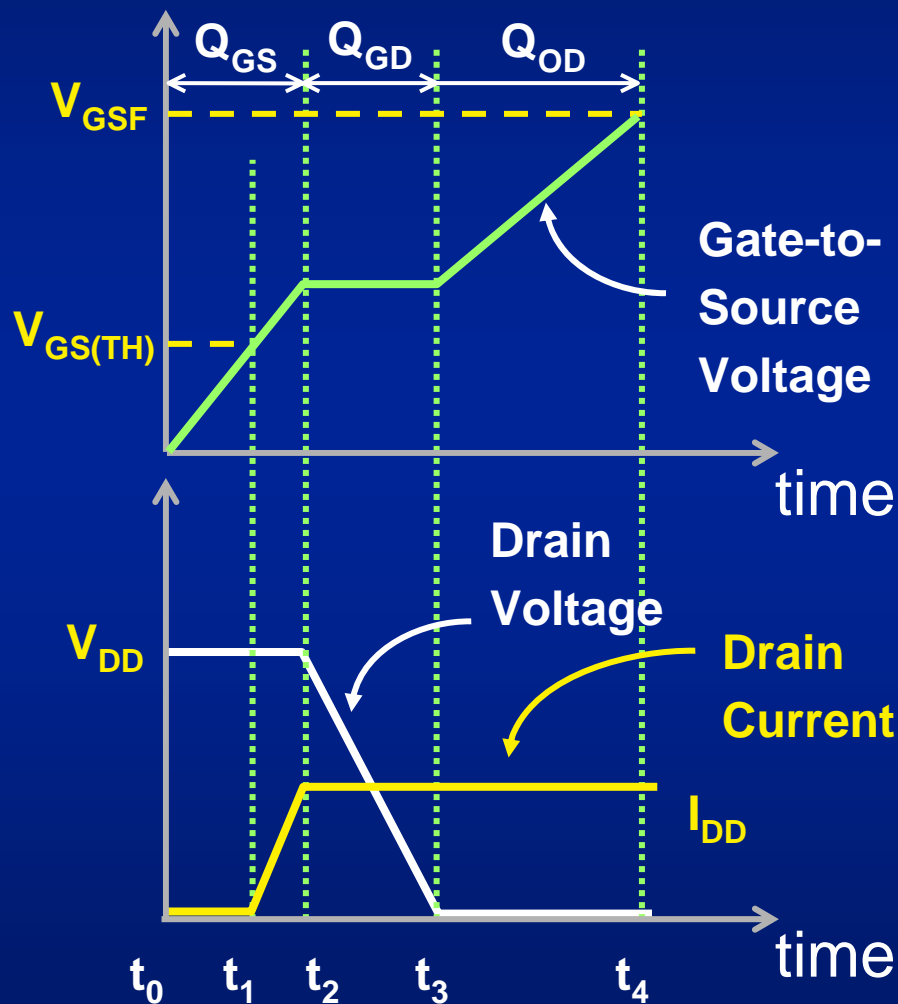




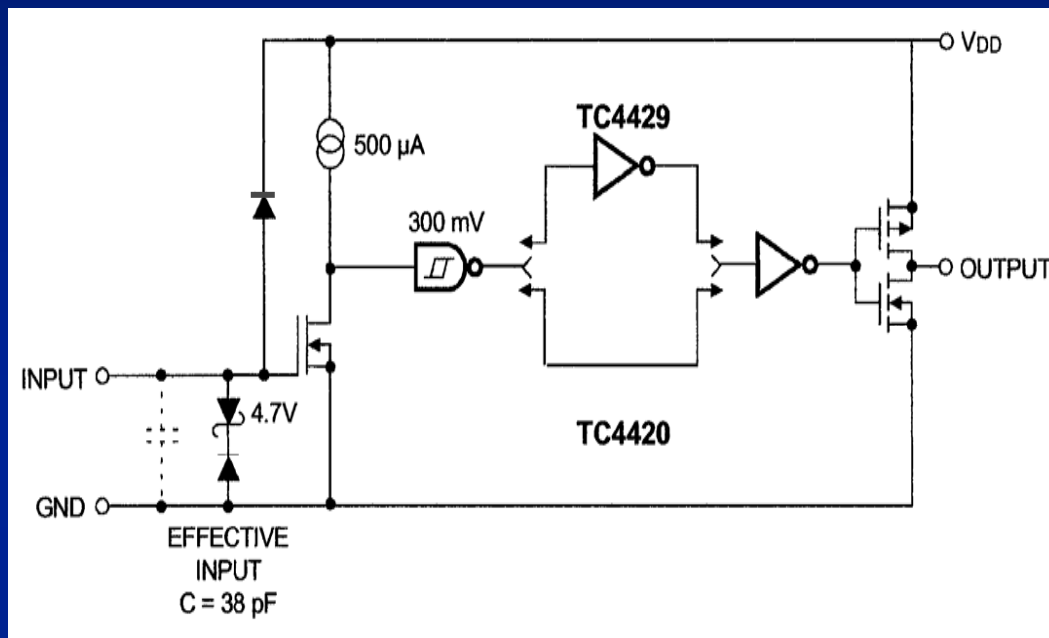
# MOSFET

## Gate / Drain Waveforms

- $Q_G = t \times I_{PK}$
- $Q_G = Q_{GS} + Q_{GD} + Q_{OD}$
- $Q_G = C_{EI} \times V_{GS}$ 
  - ❖  $C_{EI}$  = Equivalent Gate Capacitance



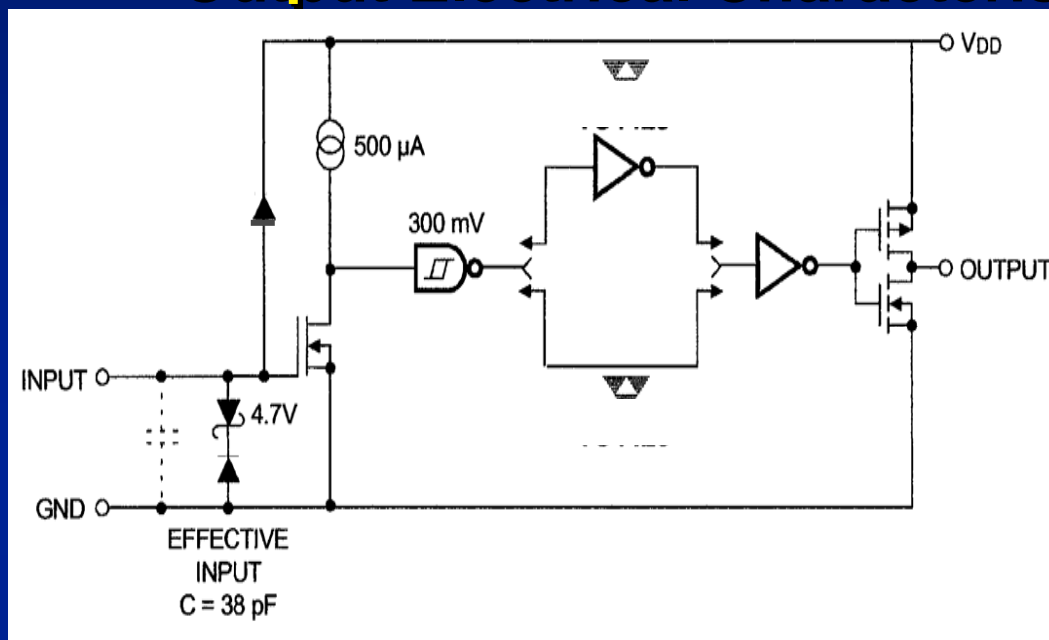
# Power MOSFET Driver Input Electrical Characteristics



Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max
$V_{IH}$	Logic High Input Voltage	2.4V	–
$V_{IL}$	Logic Low Input Voltage	–	0.8V
$V_{IN(MAX)}$	Input Voltage Range	–5V	$V_{DD} + 0.3V$
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	–10 $\mu$ A	10 $\mu$ A



# Power MOSFET Driver Output Electrical Characteristics

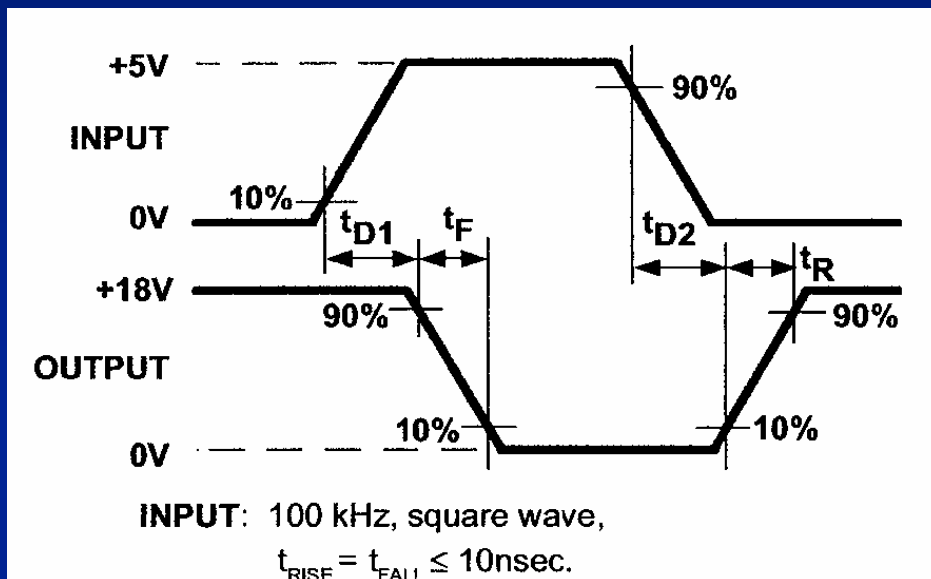


Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
$V_{OH}$	High Output Voltage	$V_{DD} - 0.025V$	—	—
$V_{OL}$	Low Output Voltage	—	—	<b>0.025V</b>
$R_O$	Output Resistance	—	<b>1.5Ω</b>	<b>2.8Ω</b>
$I_{PK}$	Peak Output Current	—	<b>6.0A</b>	—
$I_{REV}$	Reverse Current	<b>1.5A</b>	—	—



# Power MOSFET Driver

## Switching Time Characteristics



Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max
$t_R$	Rise Time	—	35nsec
$t_F$	Fall Time	—	35nsec
$t_{D1}$	Delay Time 1	—	75nsec
$t_{D2}$	Delay Time 2	—	75nsec



# Key Driver Output Voltage Considerations

- **Equivalent Input Gate Capacitance,  $C_{EI}$** 
  - ❖ **Must Be Charged Up Beyond Gate-to-Source Threshold Voltage,  $V_{GS(TH)}$** 
    - ❖  $V_{GSF} \gg V_{GS(TH)}$ 
      - ❖  $V_{GSF} = Q_G / C_{EI}$
      - ❖  $V_{GSF}$  Typically Equals  $V_{OH}$  of Driver



# Key Driver Timing Considerations

- **MOSFET Driver's Peak Output Current,  $I_{PK}$** 
  - ❖ Determines Time Required to Charge Up  $C_{EI}$  to  $V_{GSF}$ 
    - ❖  $t_R = Q_G / I_{PK}$
- **MOSFET Driver's Output Impedance,  $R_O$** 
  - ❖ Limits Peak Output Current,  $I_{PK}$



# Good Design Practices

- **$V_{GSF} \gg V_{GS(TH)}$  - Good Design Practice**
  - ❖ **Assures Channel of MOSFET is Fully Enhanced**
  - ❖  **$V_{GS(TH)} = 2V$  min. to  $4V$  max. For IRFR120N**
- **Have  $R_{DS(ON)}$  of MOSFET as Low as Possible**
  - ❖ **MOSFET Manufacturers Specify Static Drain-to-Source on Resistance,  $R_{DS(ON)}$**
  - ❖  **$R_{DS(ON)} = 0.21\Omega$  max. @  $V_{GS} = 10V$  For IRFR120N**

# Power MOSFET Driver Selection Example

- **Select MOSFET for Application**
- **Identify Important Design Parameters**
  - ❖ **Application**
  - ❖ **MOSFET**
  - ❖ **Driver**
- **Determine Total Required Gate Charge of MOSFET**
- **Calculate Required Driver Peak Output Current**
- **Select Driver**

# Power MOSFET Driver Selection Example

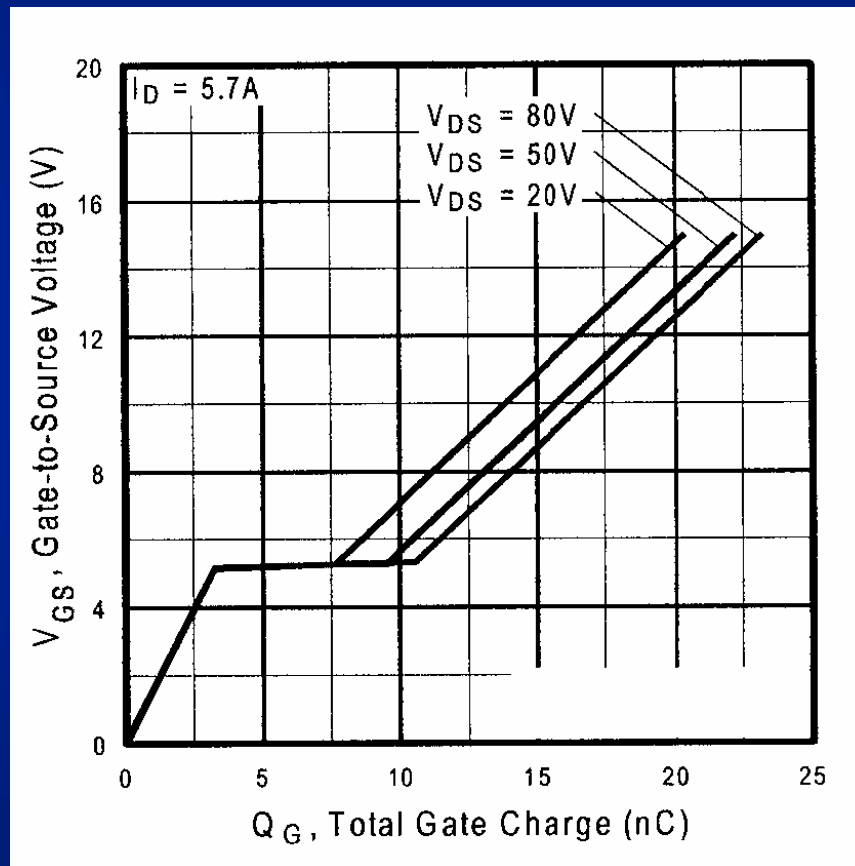
- **Step 1: Select MOSFET for Application**  
MOSFET = IRFR120N
- **Step 2: Identify Important Design Parameters**  
MOSFET Voltage :  $V_{DS} = 12V$   
MOSFET Gate Voltage:  $V_{GSF} = 12V$   
Required Rise Time in Application:  $t_R = 15ns$



# Power MOSFET Driver Determining Gate Charge

- **Step 3: Using MOSFET Curve  $V_{GS}$  vs  $Q_G$** 
  - ❖ Curve Closest to  $V_{DS} = 12V$
  - ❖ Use  $V_{DS} = 20V$  Curve
- **Step 4: Determine Total Gate Charge,  $Q_G$** 
  - ❖ Necessary to Charge Up  $C_{EI}$  to  $V_{GSF} = 12V$

**$Q_G \cong 16.25nC$**   
**(Typical Number)**



**IRFR120N**





## Power MOSFET Driver Selection Example (Continued)

- **Step 5: Calculate Power MOSFET Driver Required Peak Output Current**
  - ❖  $I_{PK} = Q_G / t_r$ 
    - ❖  $Q_G$  = Total Gate Charge
    - ❖  $t_r$  = Desired Rise Time
- Using  $Q_G$  From IRFR120N  $V_{GS}$  vs.  $Q_G$  Curve
  - ❖  $I_{PK} = Q_G / t_r = 16.25nC / 15ns = 1.08A$

# Power MOSFET Driver Selection Example (Continued)

- **Step 6: Select a Power MOSFET Driver**
  - ❖ **Key Parameters:**
    - ❖ **Supply Voltage =  $V_{DD} \cong V_{OH} = 12V$**
    - ❖ **Peak Output Current =  $I_{PK} > 1.08A$**
  - ❖ **Use Power MOSFET Driver Selection Guide**
    - ❖ **Good Candidate Would Be TC1412**
      - ❖ **Supply Voltage Range = 4.5V - 16V**
      - ❖ **Peak Output Current = 2A**
      - ❖ **Delay Time = 35ns**



# Technical Information

## Microchip Application Notes ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com))

- **AN-22: Considerations For Driving Power MOSFETs in High-Current Switch Mode Regulators.**
- **AN-25: TC4426/27/28 System Design Practice.**
- **AN-28: TC4420/4429 Universal Power MOSFET Interface IC.**
- **AN-30: Matching MOSFET Drivers to MOSFETs.**
- **AN-40: Switched Attenuation to Improve Current Sensing.**
- **AN-42: Low-Cost DC Motor Speed Control With CMOS ICs.**



## **Technical Information (Continued)**

### International Rectifier Application Notes ([www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

- **AN-937 (v.Int): Gate Drive Characteristics and Requirements for HEXFET® s.**
- **AN-944 (v.Int): Use Gate Charge to Design the Gate Drive Circuit for Power MOSFETs and IGBTs.**
- **AN-957 (v.Int): Measuring HEXFET® Characteristics.**
- **AN-983 (v.Int): IGBT Characteristics.**

### International Rectifier Technical Papers ([www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)):

- ***Power MOSFET Basics* by Vrej Barkhordarian.**
- ***IGBT or MOSFET: Choose Wisely* by Carl Blake and Chris Bull.**



# Conclusions

- **Identify Key Parameters For Application**
  - ❖ **Low Speed Application Key Parameters:**
    - ❖  $V_{OH}$ ,  $V_{OL}$
  - ❖ **High Speed Application Key Parameters:**
    - ❖  $V_{OH}$ ,  $V_{OL}$ ,  $I_{PK}$ ,  $t_R$ ,  $t_F$ ,  $t_{D1}$ ,  $t_{D2}$
- **Proper Matching of Power MOSFET Driver to MOSFET & Application Yields:**
  - ❖ **Best Efficiency**
  - ❖ **Optimum Performance**
  - ❖ **Lowest Cost**

[BACK](#)