

Section 6. Interrupts

HIGHLIGHTS

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6.1 INTRODUCTION

The PIC24H Interrupt Controller module reduces the numerous peripheral interrupt request signals to a single interrupt request signal to the PIC24H CPU. It has these features:

- · Up to 8 processor exceptions and software traps
- · 7 user-selectable priority levels
- · Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) with up to 126 vectors
- A unique vector for each interrupt or exception source
- · Fixed priority within a specified user priority level
- Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) for debugging support
- · Fixed interrupt entry and return latencies

6.1.1 Interrupt Vector Table

The Interrupt Vector Table (IVT), shown in Figure 6-1, resides in program memory starting at location 0x000004. The IVT contains 126 vectors consisting of 8 non-maskable trap vectors plus up to 118 sources of interrupt. In general, each interrupt source has its own vector. Each interrupt vector contains a 24-bit-wide address. The value programmed into each interrupt vector location is the starting address of the associated Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

6.1.2 Alternate Vector Table

The Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) is located after the IVT, as shown in Figure 6-1. Access to the AIVT is provided by the Enable Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (ALTIVT) control bit in Interrupt Control Register 2 (INTCON2<15>). If the ALTIVT bit is set, all interrupt and exception processes use the alternate vectors instead of the default vectors. The alternate vectors are organized in the same manner as the default vectors.

The AIVT supports emulation and debugging by providing a means to switch between an application and a support environment without requiring the interrupt vectors to be reprogrammed. This feature also enables switching between applications for evaluation of different software algorithms at run time. If the AIVT is not needed, the AIVT should be programmed with the same addresses used in the IVT.

6.1.3 Reset Sequence

A device Reset is not a true exception because the interrupt controller is not involved in the Reset process. The PIC24H device clears its registers in response to a Reset, which forces the Program Counter (PC) to zero. The processor then begins program execution at location 0x000000. The user programs a GOTO instruction at the Reset address, which redirects program execution to the appropriate start-up routine.

Note: Any unimplemented or unused vector locations in the IVT and AIVT should be programmed with the address of a default interrupt handler routine that contains a RESET instruction.

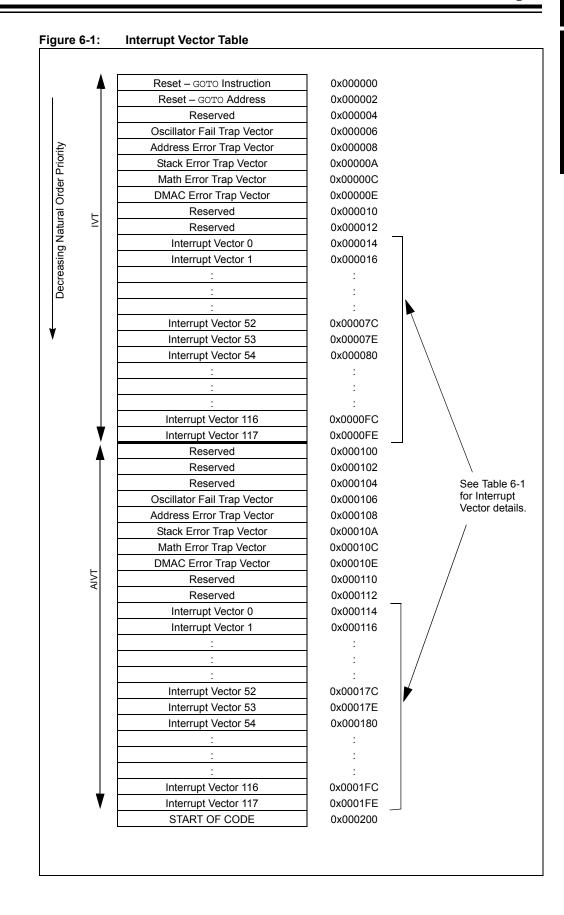


Table 6-1: Interrupt Vector Details

Table 6-1:	able 6-1: Interrupt Vector Details										
IRQ#	IVT Address	AIVT Address	Interrupt Source								
		Highest Natural (Order Priority								
0	0x000004	0x000104	Reserved								
1	0x000006	0x000106	Oscillator Failure								
2	0x000008	0x000108	Address Error								
3	0x00000A	0x00010A	Stack Error								
4	0x00000C	0x00010C	Math Error								
5	0x00000E	0x00010E	DMAC Error								
6	0x000010	0x000110	Reserved								
7	0x000012	0x000112	Reserved								
8	0x000014	0x000114	INT0 – External Interrupt 0								
9	0x000016	0x000116	IC1 – Input Compare 1								
10	0x000018	0x000118	OC1 – Output Compare 1								
11	0x00001A	0x00011A	T1 – Timer 1								
12	0x00001C	0x00011C	DMA1 – DMA Channel 0								
13	0x00001E	0x00011E	IC2 – Input Capture 2								
14	0x000020	0x000120	OC2 – Output Compare 2								
15	0x000022	0x000122	T2 – Timer 2								
16	0x000024	0x000124	T3 – Timer 3								
17	0x000026	0x000126	SPI1E – SPI 1 Fault								
18	0x000028	0x000128	SPI1 – SPI 1 Transfer Done								
19	0x00002A	0x00012A	U1RX – UART1 Receiver								
20	0x00002C	0x00012C	U1TX – UART1 Transmitter								
21	0x00002E	0x00012E	AD1 – ADC1 convert done								
22	0x000030	0x000130	DMA1- DMA Channel 1								
23	0x000032	0x000132	Reserved								
24	0x000034	0x000134	SI2C1 – I ² C™ 1 Slave Event								
25	0x000036	0x000136	MI2C1 – I ² C 1 Master Event								
26	0x000038	0x000138	Reserved								
27	0x00003A	0x00013A	CN – Input Change Interrupt								
28	0x00003C	0x00013C	INT1 – External Interrupt 1								
29	0x00003E	0x00013E	AD2 – ADC2 Convert Done								
30	0x000040	0x000140	IC7 – Input Capture 7								
31	0x000042	0x000142	IC8 – Input Capture 8								
32	0x000044	0x000144	DMA2 – DMA Channel 2								
33	0x000046	0x000146	OC3 – Output Compare 3								
34	0x000048	0x000148	OC4 – Output Compare 4								
35	0x00004A	0x00014A	T4 – Timer 4								
36	0x00004C	0x00014C	T5 – Timer 5								
37	0x00004E	0x00014E	INT2 – External Interrupt 2								
38	0x000050	0x000150	U2RX – UART2 Receiver								
39	0x000052	0x000152	U2TX – UART2 Transmitter								
40	0x000054	0x000154	SPI2E – SPI 2 Fault								
41	0x000056	0x000156	SPI2 – SPI 2 Transfer Done								
42	0x000058	0x000158	C1RX – CAN 1 RX Data Ready								
43	0x00005A	0x00015A	C1 – CAN 1 Event								
44	0x00005C	0x00015C	DMA3 – DMA Channel 3								
45	0x00005E	0x00015E	IC3 – Input Capture 3								
46	0x000060	0x000160	IC4 – Input Capture 4								
47	0x000062	0x000162	IC5 – Input Capture 5								
48	0x000064	0x000164	IC6 – Input Capture 6								
49	0x000066	0x000166	OC5 – Output Compare 5								
50	0x000068	0x000168	OC6 – Output Compare 6								
51	0x00006A	0x00016A	OC7 – Output Compare 7								

Table 6-1: Interrupt Vector Details (Continued)

IRQ # IVT Address	Table 6-1:	interrupt vecto	luea)	
53 0x00006E 0x00016E Reserved 54 0x000070 0x000170 DMA4 – DMA Channel 4 55 0x000072 0x000172 T6 – Timer 6 56 0x000074 0x000174 T7 – Timer 7 57 0x000076 0x000178 I2C2S – I²C 2 Slave Event 58 0x00007A 0x00017A T8 – Timer 8 60 0x00007C 0x00017C T9 – Timer 9 61 0x00007E 0x00017E INT3 – External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000182 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000186 PWM – PWM Period Match 65 0x000088 0x000186 PWM – PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018B QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00009C 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x00009C 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA	IRQ#	IVT Address	AIVT Address	Interrupt Source
54 0x000070 0x000170 DMA4 – DMA Channel 4 55 0x000072 0x000172 T6 – Timer 6 56 0x000074 0x000174 T7 – Timer 7 57 0x000076 0x000178 I2C2S – I²C 2 Slave Event 58 0x000078 0x00017A T8 – Timer 8 60 0x00007C 0x00017C T9 – Timer 9 61 0x000082 0x000180 INT3 – External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000180 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000180 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000084 0x000188 C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 65 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018B DCI – DCI Transfer Done 68 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 <td>52</td> <td>0x00006C</td> <td>0x00016C</td> <td>OC8 – Output Compare 8</td>	52	0x00006C	0x00016C	OC8 – Output Compare 8
55 0x000072 0x000172 T6 - Timer 6 56 0x000074 0x000174 T7 - Timer7 57 0x000076 0x000176 I2C2S - I²C 2 Slave Event 58 0x000078 0x00017A I2C2M - I²C 2 Master Event 59 0x00007A 0x00017C T9 - Timer 9 61 0x00007E 0x00017E INT3 - External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 - External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX - CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 - CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000188 QEI - Position Counter Compare 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI - Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018C DCI - DCI Transfer Done 68 0x00008E 0x00018C DCI - DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 - DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000094 0x000194	53	0x00006E	0x00016E	Reserved
56 0x000074 0x000174 T7 − Timer7 57 0x000076 0x000176 I2C2S − I²C 2 Slave Event 58 0x000078 0x000178 I2C2M − I²C 2 Master Event 59 0x00007A 0x00017A T8 − Timer 8 60 0x00007C 0x00017E INT3 − External Interrupt 3 61 0x00007E 0x000181 INT4 − External Interrupt 4 62 0x000080 0x000182 C2RX − CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 − CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000186 PVM − PVM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI − Position Counter Compare 67 0x000088 0x000188 QEI − DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI − DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 − DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB − MPVM Fault B 73 0x000094 0x000196 <t< td=""><td>54</td><td>0x000070</td><td>0x000170</td><td>DMA4 – DMA Channel 4</td></t<>	54	0x000070	0x000170	DMA4 – DMA Channel 4
57 0x000076 0x000176 IZC2S – I²C 2 Slave Event 58 0x000078 0x000178 IZC2M – I²C 2 Master Event 59 0x00007A 0x00017A T8 – Timer 8 60 0x00007C 0x00017C T9 – Timer 9 61 0x00007E 0x000181 INT3 – External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000182 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX – CAN 2 Event 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 – CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000188 PWM – PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000099 0x000199 Reserved 71 0x000099 0x000199 FLTB – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000196 U	55	0x000072	0x000172	T6 – Timer 6
58 0x000078 0x000178 I2C2M – I²C 2 Master Event 59 0x00007A 0x00017A T8 – Timer 8 60 0x00007C 0x00017C T9 – Timer 9 61 0x00007E 0x00017E INT3 – External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 – CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008A 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000199 <t< td=""><td>56</td><td>0x000074</td><td>0x000174</td><td>T7 – Timer7</td></t<>	56	0x000074	0x000174	T7 – Timer7
59 0x00007A 0x00017A T8 - Timer 8 60 0x00007C 0x00017C T9 - Timer 9 61 0x00007E 0x00017E INT3 - External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 - External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX - CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000186 PWM - PWM Period Match 65 0x000086 0x000188 QEI - Position Counter Compare 67 0x000088 0x00018A DCIE - DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018A DCI - DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018B DMA5 - DMA Channel 5 70 0x00009B 0x00019B Reserved 71 0x000092 0x00019B Reserved 71 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB - MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000195 FLTA - MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E - UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E - UAR	57	0x000076	0x000176	I2C2S – I ² C 2 Slave Event
60 0x00007C 0x00017C T9 - Timer 9 61 0x00007E 0x00017E INT3 - External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 - External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX - CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 - CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000188 QEI - Position Counter Compare 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI - Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE - DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI - DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 - DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA - MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB - MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E - UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E - UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009C 0x0	58	0x000078	0x000178	I2C2M – I ² C 2 Master Event
61 0x00007E 0x00017E INT3 – External Interrupt 3 62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 – CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000186 PWM – PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCI – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000098 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00	59	0x00007A	0x00017A	T8 – Timer 8
62 0x000080 0x000180 INT4 – External Interrupt 4 63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 – CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000186 PWM – PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008E 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A 0x0001A <td>60</td> <td>0x00007C</td> <td>0x00017C</td> <td>T9 – Timer 9</td>	60	0x00007C	0x00017C	T9 – Timer 9
63 0x000082 0x000182 C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready 64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 – CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000186 PWM – PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A C1TX	61	0x00007E	0x00017E	INT3 – External Interrupt 3
64 0x000084 0x000184 C2 - CAN 2 Event 65 0x000086 0x000186 PWM - PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI - Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE - DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI - DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 - DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA - MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB - MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E - UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E - UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 - DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 - DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX - CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C	62	0x000080	0x000180	INT4 – External Interrupt 4
65 0x000086 0x000186 PWM – PWM Period Match 66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A6 0x0001A6	63	0x000082	0x000182	C2RX – CAN 2 RX Data Ready
66 0x000088 0x000188 QEI – Position Counter Compare 67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A6 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Res	64	0x000084	0x000184	C2 – CAN 2 Event
67 0x00008A 0x00018A DCIE – DCI Fault Interrupt 68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A6 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001FE Reserved	65	0x000086	0x000186	PWM – PWM Period Match
68 0x00008C 0x00018C DCI – DCI Transfer Done 69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A6 Reserved 81 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE <td< td=""><td>66</td><td>0x000088</td><td>0x000188</td><td>QEI – Position Counter Compare</td></td<>	66	0x000088	0x000188	QEI – Position Counter Compare
69 0x00008E 0x00018E DMA5 – DMA Channel 5 70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	67	0x00008A	0x00018A	DCIE – DCI Fault Interrupt
70 0x000090 0x000190 Reserved 71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	68	0x00008C	0x00018C	DCI – DCI Transfer Done
71 0x000092 0x000192 FLTA – MPWM Fault A 72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	69	0x00008E	0x00018E	DMA5 – DMA Channel 5
72 0x000094 0x000194 FLTB – MPWM Fault B 73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	70	0x000090	0x000190	Reserved
73 0x000096 0x000196 U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt 74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	71	0x000092	0x000192	FLTA – MPWM Fault A
74 0x000098 0x000198 U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt 75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x000019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	72	0x000094	0x000194	FLTB – MPWM Fault B
75 0x00009A 0x00019A Reserved 76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x000019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x00001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	73	0x000096	0x000196	U1E – UART 1 Error Interrupt
76 0x00009C 0x00019C DMA6 – DMA Channel 6 77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	74	0x000098	0x000198	U2E – UART 2 Error Interrupt
77 0x00009E 0x00019E DMA7 – DMA Channel 7 78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	75	0x00009A	0x00019A	Reserved
78 0x0000A0 0x0001A0 C1TX - CAN 1 TX Data Request 79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX - CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	76	0x00009C	0x00019C	DMA6 – DMA Channel 6
79 0x0000A2 0x0001A2 C2TX - CAN 2 TX Data Request 80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	77	0x00009E	0x00019E	DMA7 – DMA Channel 7
80 0x0000A4 0x0001A4 Reserved 81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	78	0x0000A0	0x0001A0	C1TX – CAN 1 TX Data Request
81 0x0000A6 0x0001A6 Reserved 82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	79	0x0000A2	0x0001A2	C2TX – CAN 2 TX Data Request
82 0x0000A8 0x0001A8 Reserved 83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	80	0x0000A4	0x0001A4	Reserved
83-124 Reserved 125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	81	0x0000A6	0x0001A6	Reserved
125 0x0000FE 0x0001FE Reserved	82	0x0000A8	0x0001A8	Reserved
	83-124			Reserved
Lowest Natural Order Priority	125	0x0000FE	0x0001FE	Reserved
			Lowest Natural (Order Priority

6.1.4 CPU Priority Status

The CPU can operate at one of 16 priority levels, 0-15. An interrupt or trap source must have a priority level greater than the current CPU priority to initiate an exception process. You can program peripheral and external interrupt sources for levels 0-7. CPU priority levels 8-15 are reserved for trap sources.

A trap is a non-maskable interrupt source intended to detect hardware and software problems (see **Section 6.2 "Non-Maskable Traps"**). The priority level for each trap source is fixed. Only one trap is assigned to a priority level. An interrupt source programmed to priority level 0 is effectively disabled, since it can never be greater than the CPU priority.

The current CPU priority level is indicated by the following status bits:

- CPU Interrupt Priority Level (IPL<2:0>) status bits in the CPU Status Register (SR<7:5>)
- CPU Interrupt Priority Level 3 (IPL3) status bit in the Core Control (CORCON<3>) register.

The IPL<2:0> status bits are readable and writable so the user application can modify these bits to disable all sources of interrupts below a given priority level. For example, if IPL<2:0> = 3, the CPU would not be interrupted by any source with a programmed priority level of 0, 1, 2 or 3.

Trap events have higher priority than any user interrupt source. When the IPL3 bit is set, a trap event is in progress. The IPL3 bit can be cleared, but not set, by the user application. In some applications, you might need to clear the IPL3 bit when a trap has occurred and branch to an instruction other than the instruction after the one that originally caused the trap to occur.

All user interrupt sources can be disabled by setting IPL<2:0> = 111.

Note: The IPL<2:0> bits become read only bits when interrupt nesting is disabled. See Section 6.2.4.2 "Interrupt Nesting" for more information.

6.1.5 Interrupt Priority

Each peripheral interrupt source can be assigned to one of seven priority levels. The user assignable interrupt priority control bits for each individual interrupt are located in the Least Significant 3 bits of each nibble within the IPCx registers. Bit 3 of each nibble is not used and is read as a 'o'. These bits define the priority level assigned to a particular interrupt. The usable priority levels are 1 (lowest priority) through 7 (highest priority). If the IPC bits associated with an interrupt source are all cleared, the interrupt source is effectively disabled.

More than one interrupt request source can be assigned to a specific priority level. To resolve priority conflicts within a given user-assigned level, each source of interrupt has a natural order priority based on its location in the IVT. Table 6-1 shows the location of each interrupt source in the IVT. The lower numbered interrupt vectors have higher natural priority, while the higher numbered vectors have lower natural priority. The overall priority level for any pending source of interrupt is determined first by the user-assigned priority of that source in the IPCx register, then by the natural order priority within the IVT.

Natural order priority is used only to resolve conflicts between simultaneous pending interrupts with the same user assigned priority level. Once the priority conflict is resolved and the exception process begins, the CPU can be interrupted only by a source with higher user-assigned priority. Interrupts with the same user-assigned priority, but a higher natural order priority that become pending during the exception process, remain pending until the current exception process completes.

Assigning each interrupt source to one of seven priority levels enables the user application to give an interrupt with a low natural order priority a very high overall priority level. For example: the Programmable Low-Voltage Detect (PLVD) can be given a priority of 7, and the External Interrupt 0 (INT0) can be assigned to priority level 1, thus giving it a very low effective priority.

Note: The peripherals and sources of interrupt available in the IVT vary depending on the specific PIC24H device. The sources of interrupt shown in this document represent a comprehensive listing of all interrupt sources found on PIC24H devices. Refer to the specific device data sheet for further details.

6.2 NON-MASKABLE TRAPS

Traps are non-maskable, nestable interrupts that adhere to a fixed priority structure. Traps provide a means to correct erroneous operation during debugging and operation of the application. If the user application does not intend to correct a trap error condition, these vectors must be loaded with the address of a software routine to reset the device. Otherwise, the user application programs the trap vector with the address of a service routine that corrects the trap condition.

The PIC24H has five implemented sources of non-maskable traps:

- Oscillator Failure Trap
- Stack Error Trap
- · Address Error Trap
- Math Error Trap
- DMAC Error Trap

For many of the trap conditions, the instruction that caused the trap is allowed to complete before exception processing begins. Therefore, the user application may have to correct the action of the instruction that caused the trap.

Each trap source has a fixed priority as defined by its position in the IVT. An oscillator failure trap has the highest priority, while a DMA Controller (DMAC) error trap has the lowest priority (see Figure 6-1). In addition, trap sources are classified into two distinct categories: 'hard' traps and 'soft' traps.

6.2.1 Soft Traps

The DMAC error trap (priority level 10), math error trap (priority level 11), and stack error trap (priority level 12) are categorized as soft trap sources. Soft traps can be treated like non-maskable sources of interrupt that adhere to the priority assigned by their position in the IVT. Soft traps are processed like interrupts and require two cycles to be sampled and acknowledged prior to exception processing. Therefore, additional instructions may be executed before a soft trap is acknowledged.

6.2.1.1 STACK ERROR TRAP (SOFT TRAP, LEVEL 12)

The stack is initialized to 0x0800 during a Reset. A stack error trap is generated if the stack pointer address is less than 0x0800.

A Stack Limit (SPLIM) register associated with the stack pointer is uninitialized at Reset. The stack overflow check is not enabled until a word is written to the SPLIM register.

All Effective Addresses (EA) generated using W15 as a source or destination pointer are compared against the value in the SPLIM register. If the EA is greater than the contents of the SPLIM register, a stack error trap is generated. In addition, a stack error trap is generated if the EA calculation wraps over the end of data space (0xFFFF).

A stack error can be detected in software by polling the Stack Error Trap (STKERR) status bit (INTCON1<2>). To avoid re-entering the Trap Service Routine, the STKERR status flag must be cleared (in software) before the program returns from the trap (with a RETFIE instruction).

6.2.1.2 MATH ERROR TRAP (SOFT TRAP, LEVEL 11)

A math error trap is generated by divide-by-zero events. Divide-by-zero traps cannot be disabled. The divide-by-zero check is performed during the first iteration of the REPEAT loop that executes the divide instruction. The Math Error Status (DIV0ERR) bit (INTCON1<6>) is set when this trap is detected.

A math error trap can be detected in software by polling the Math Error Status (MATHERR) bit (INTCON1<4>). To avoid re-entering the Trap Service Routine, the MATHERR status flag must be cleared (in software) before the program returns from the trap (with a RETFIE instruction). Before the MATHERR status bit can be cleared, all conditions that caused the trap to occur must also be cleared.

6.2.1.3 DMAC ERROR TRAP (SOFT TRAP, LEVEL 10)

A DMAC error trap occurs with these conditions:

- · RAM write collision
- · DMA-ready peripheral RAM write collision

Write collision errors are a serious enough threat to system integrity to warrant a non-maskable CPU trap event. If Both the CPU and a DMA channel attempt to write to a target address, the CPU is given priority and the DMA write is ignored. In this case, a DMAC error trap is generated and the DMAC Error Status (DMACERR) bit (INTCON1<5>) is set.

6.2.2 Hard Traps

Hard traps include exceptions of priority level 13 through level 15, inclusive. The address error (level 13) and oscillator error (level 14) traps fall into this category.

Like soft traps, hard traps are non-maskable sources of interrupt. The difference between hard traps and soft traps is that hard traps force the CPU to stop code execution after the instruction causing the trap has completed. Normal program execution flow does not resume until the trap has been acknowledged and processed.

6.2.2.1 TRAP PRIORITY AND HARD TRAP CONFLICTS

If a higher priority trap occurs while any lower priority trap is in progress, processing of the lower-priority trap is suspended. The higher priority trap is acknowledged and processed. The lower priority trap remains pending until processing of the higher priority trap completes.

Each hard trap that occurs must be acknowledged before code execution of any type can continue. If a lower priority hard trap occurs while a higher priority trap is pending, acknowledged or is being processed, a hard-trap conflict occurs because the lower priority trap cannot be acknowledged until processing for the higher priority trap completes.

The device is automatically Reset in a hard-trap conflict condition. The Trap Reset Flag (TRAPR) status bit in the Reset Control Register (RCON<15> in the Reset module) is set when the Reset occurs so that the condition can be detected in software.

6.2.2.2 OSCILLATOR FAILURE TRAP (HARD TRAP, LEVEL 14)

An oscillator failure trap event is generated for any of these reasons:

- The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) is enabled and has detected a loss of the system clock source.
- A loss of PLL lock has been detected during normal operation using the PLL.
- The FSCM is enabled and the PLL fails to achieve lock at a Power-on Reset (POR).

An oscillator failure trap event can be detected in software by polling the Oscillator Failure Trap (OSCFAIL) status bit (INTCON1<1>) or the Clock Fail (CF) status bit (OSCCON<3> in the Oscillator module). To avoid re-entering the Trap Service Routine, the OSCFAIL status flag must be cleared (in software) before the program returns from the trap (with a RETFIE instruction).

Refer to the **Section 7 "Oscillator"** and **Section 25 "Device Configuration"** for more information about the Fail-Safe Clock Monitor. Refer to the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com for the latest documentation.

6.2.2.3 ADDRESS ERROR TRAP (HARD TRAP, LEVEL 13)

Operating conditions that can generate an address error trap include:

- A misaligned data word fetch is attempted. This condition occurs when an instruction
 performs a word access with the Least Significant bit (LSb) of the effective address set to
 '1'. The PIC24H CPU requires all word accesses to be aligned to an even address boundary.
- A bit manipulation instruction uses the Indirect Addressing mode with the LSb of the effective address set to '1'.
- · A data fetch is attempted from unimplemented data address space.
- Execution of a BRA #literal instruction or a GOTO #literal instruction, where literal is an unimplemented program memory address.
- Execution of instructions after the Program Counter has been modified to point to unimplemented program memory addresses. The Program Counter can be modified by loading a value into the stack and executing a RETURN instruction.

When an address error trap occurs, data space writes are inhibited so that data is not destroyed.

An address error can be detected in software by polling the ADDRERR status bit (INTCON1<3>). To avoid re-entering the Trap Service Routine, the ADDRERR status flag must be cleared (in software) before the program returns from the trap (with a RETFIE instruction).

6.2.3 Disable Interrupts Instruction

The DISI (disable interrupts) instruction can disable interrupts for up to 16384 instruction cycles. This instruction is useful for executing time-critical code segments.

The DISI instruction only disables interrupts with priority levels 1-6. Priority level 7 interrupts and all trap events can still interrupt the CPU when the DISI instruction is active.

The DISI instruction works in conjunction with the Disable Interrupts Count (DISICNT) register in the CPU. When the DISICNT register is non-zero, priority level 1-6 interrupts are disabled. The DISICNT register is decremented on each subsequent instruction cycle. When the DISICNT register counts down to zero, priority level 1-6 interrupts are re-enabled. The value specified in the DISI instruction includes all cycles due to PSV accesses, instruction stalls, etc.

The DISICNT register is both readable and writable. The user application can terminate the effect of a previous <code>DISI</code> instruction early by clearing the DISICNT register. The time that interrupts are disabled can also be increased by writing to or adding to the DISICNT register.

If the DISICNT register is zero, interrupts cannot be disabled by simply writing a non-zero value to the register. Interrupts must first be disabled by using the DISI instruction. Once the DISI instruction has executed and DISICNT holds a non-zero value, the application can extend the interrupt disable time by modifying the contents of DISICNT.

Note: Software modification of the DISICNT register is not recommended.

The DISI Instruction (DISI) status bit (INTCON2<14>) is set whenever interrupts are disabled as a result of the DISI instruction.

Note: The DISI instruction can be used to quickly disable all user interrupt sources if no source is assigned to CPU priority level 7.

6.2.4 Interrupt Operation

All interrupt event flags are sampled during each instruction cycle. A pending Interrupt Request (IRQ) is indicated by the flag bit = 1 in an IFSx register. The IRQ causes an interrupt if the corresponding bit in the Interrupt Enable (IECx) registers is set. For the rest of the instruction cycle in which the IRQ is sampled, the priorities of all pending interrupt requests are evaluated.

No instruction is aborted when the CPU responds to the IRQ. The instruction in progress when the IRQ is sampled is completed before the Interrupt Service Routine (ISR) is executed.

If there is a pending IRQ with a user-assigned priority level greater than the current processor priority level, indicated by the IPL<2:0> status bits (SR<7:5>), an interrupt is presented to the processor. The processor then saves the following information on the software stack:

- · Current PC value
- · Low byte of the Processor Status register (SRL)
- IPL3 status bit (CORCON<3>)

These three values allow the return Program Counter address value, MCU status bits and the current processor priority level to be automatically saved.

After this information is saved on the stack, the CPU writes the priority level of the pending interrupt into the IPL<2:0> bit locations. This action disables all interrupts of lower or equal priority until the ISR is terminated using the RETFIE instruction.

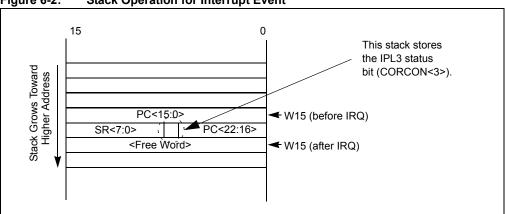


Figure 6-2: Stack Operation for Interrupt Event

6.2.4.1 RETURN FROM INTERRUPT

The RETFIE (Return from Interrupt) instruction unstacks the PC return address, IPL3 status bit and SRL register to return the processor to the state and priority level that existed before the interrupt sequence.

6.2.4.2 INTERRUPT NESTING

Interrupts, by default, are nestable. Any ISR in progress can be interrupted by another source of interrupt with a higher user-assigned priority level. Interrupt nesting can be disabled by setting the Interrupt Nesting Disable (NSTDIS) control bit (INTCON1<15>). When the NSTDIS control bit is set, all interrupts in progress force the CPU priority to level 7 by setting IPL<2:0> = 111. This action effectively masks all other sources of interrupt until a RETFIE instruction is executed. When interrupt nesting is disabled, the user-assigned interrupt priority levels have no effect except to resolve conflicts between simultaneous pending interrupts.

The IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) become read-only when interrupt nesting is disabled. This prevents the user software from setting IPL<2:0> to a lower value, which would effectively re-enable interrupt nesting.

6.2.5 Wake-Up from Sleep and Idle

Any source of interrupt that is individually enabled, using its corresponding control bit in the IECx registers, can wake-up the processor from Sleep or Idle mode. When the interrupt status flag for a source is set and the interrupt source is enabled by the corresponding bit in the IEC Control registers, a wake-up signal is sent to the PIC24H CPU. When the device wakes from Sleep or Idle mode, one of two actions occur:

- If the interrupt priority level for that source is greater than the current CPU priority level, the processor will process the interrupt and branch to the ISR for the interrupt source.
- If the user-assigned interrupt priority level for the source is lower than or equal to the current CPU priority level, the processor will continue execution, starting with the instruction immediately following the PWRSAV instruction that previously put the CPU in Sleep or Idle mode.

Note: User interrupt sources that are assigned to CPU priority level 0 cannot wake the CPU from Sleep or Idle mode, because the interrupt source is effectively disabled. To use an interrupt as a wake-up source, the program must assign the CPU priority level for the interrupt to level 1 or greater.

6.2.6 Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) External Conversion Request

The INT0 external interrupt request pin is shared with the ADC as an external conversion request signal. The INT0 interrupt source has programmable edge polarity, which is also available to the ADC external conversion request feature.

6.2.7 External Interrupt Support

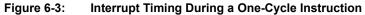
The PIC24H supports up to five external interrupt pin sources (INT0-INT4). Each external interrupt pin has edge detection circuitry to detect the interrupt event. The INTCON2 register has five control bits (INT0EP-INT4EP) that select the polarity of the edge detection circuitry. Each external interrupt pin can be programmed to interrupt the CPU on a rising edge or falling edge event. See Register 6-4 for further details.

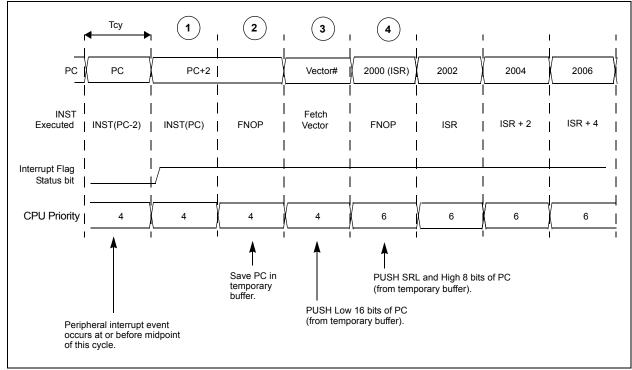
6.3 INTERRUPT PROCESSING TIMING

6.3.1 Interrupt Latency for One-Cycle Instructions

Figure 6-3 shows the sequence of events when a peripheral interrupt is asserted during a one-cycle instruction. The interrupt process takes four instruction cycles. Each cycle is numbered (in the figure) for reference.

The interrupt flag status bit is set during the instruction cycle after the peripheral interrupt occurs. The current instruction completes during this instruction cycle. In the second instruction cycle after the interrupt event, the contents of the PC and Lower Byte Status (SRL) registers are saved into a temporary buffer register. The second cycle of the interrupt process is executed as a NOP to maintain consistency with the sequence taken during a two-cycle instruction (see **Section 6.3.2 "Interrupt Latency for Two-Cycle Instructions"**). In the third cycle, the PC is loaded with the vector table address for the interrupt source and the starting address of the ISR is fetched. In the fourth cycle, the PC is loaded with the ISR address. The fourth cycle is executed as a NOP while the first instruction in the ISR is fetched.





6.3.2 Interrupt Latency for Two-Cycle Instructions

The interrupt latency during a two-cycle instruction is the same as during a one-cycle instruction. The first and second cycle of the interrupt process allow the two-cycle instruction to complete execution. The timing diagram in Figure 6-4 shows the peripheral interrupt event occurring in the instruction cycle prior to execution of the two-cycle instruction.

Figure 6-5 shows the timing when a peripheral interrupt coincides with the first cycle of a two-cycle instruction. In this case, the interrupt process completes as for a one-cycle instruction (see **Section 6.3.1 "Interrupt Latency for One-Cycle Instructions"**).

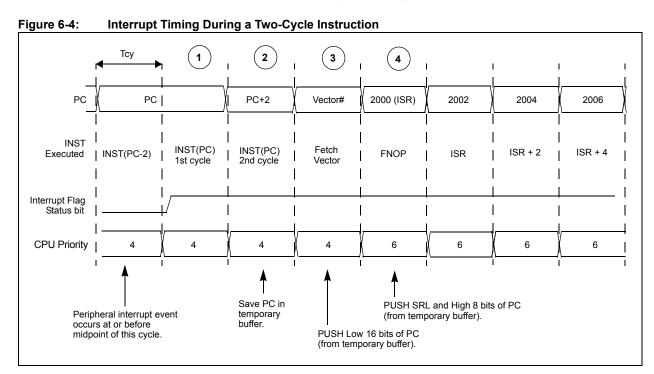


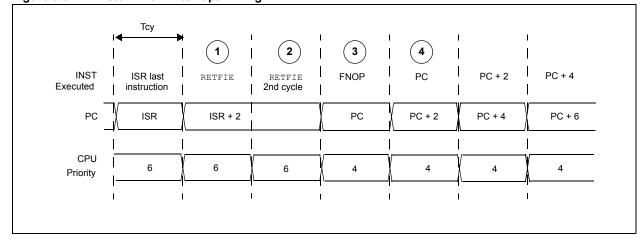
Figure 6-5: Interrupt Timing, Interrupt Occurs During 1st Cycle of a Two-Cycle Instruction Tcy 1 2 3 4 PC PC PC + 2 Vector# 2000 (ISR) 2002 2004 2006 **INST** INST(PC) INST(PC) Fetch FNOP **FNOP** ISR ISR + 2 ISR + 4 Executed 2nd cycle 1st cycle Interrupt Flag Status bit **CPU** Priority 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 Save PC in PUSH SRL and High 8 bits of PC Peripheral interrupt event temporary (from temporary buffer). occurs at or before midpoint of this cycle. PUSH Low 16 bits of PC (from temporary buffer).

6.3.3 Returning from Interrupt

To return from an interrupt, the program must call the RETFIE instruction.

During the first two cycles of a RETFIE instruction, the contents of the PC and the SRL register are popped from the stack. The third instruction cycle is used to fetch the instruction addressed by the updated program counter. This cycle executes as a NOP instruction. On the fourth cycle, program execution resumes at the point where the interrupt occurred.

Figure 6-6: Return from Interrupt Timing



6.3.4 Special Conditions for Interrupt Latency

The PIC24H allows the current instruction to complete when a peripheral interrupt source becomes pending. The interrupt latency is the same for both one- and two-cycle instructions. However, certain conditions can increase interrupt latency by one cycle, depending on when the interrupt occurs. If a fixed latency is critical to the application, you should avoid these conditions:

- Executing a Mov.D instruction is that uses PSV to access a value in program memory space
- · Appending an instruction stall cycle to any two-cycle instruction
- Appending an instruction stall cycle to any one-cycle instruction that performs a PSV access
- A bit test and skip instruction (BTSC, BTSS) that uses PSV to access a value in the program memory space

6.4 INTERRUPT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTERS

These are associated with the interrupt controller:

• INTCON1, INTCON2 Registers

These two registers control global interrupt functions:

- INTCON1 contains the Interrupt Nesting Disable (NSTDIS) bit, as well as the control
 and status flags for the processor trap sources.
- INTCON2 controls external interrupt request signal behavior and use of the alternate vector table.

· IFSx: Interrupt Flag Status Registers

All interrupt request flags are maintained in the IFSx registers, where 'x' denotes the register number. Each source of interrupt has a status bit, which is set by the respective peripherals or external signal and cleared by software.

· IECx: Interrupt Enable Control Registers

All Interrupt Enable Control bits are maintained in the IECx registers, where 'x' denotes the register number. These control bits are used to individually enable interrupts from the peripherals or external signals.

· IPCx: Interrupt Priority Control Registers

Each user interrupt source can be assigned to one of eight priority levels. The IPC registers set the interrupt priority level for each source of interrupt.

· SR: CPU Status Register

The SR is not specifically part of the interrupt controller hardware, but it contains the IPL<2:0> status bits (SR<7:5>) that indicate the current CPU priority level. The user application can change the current CPU priority level by writing to the IPL bits.

· CORCON: Core Control Register

The CORCON register is not specifically part of the interrupt controller hardware, but it contains the IPL3 status bit, which indicates the current CPU priority level. IPL3 is a read-only bit so that trap events cannot be masked by the user software.

Each register is described in detail in the following sections.

Note: The total number and type of interrupt sources depend on the device variant. Refer to the specific device data sheet for further details.

6.4.1 Assignment of Interrupts to Control Registers

The interrupt sources are assigned to the IFSx, IECx and IPCx registers in the same sequence that they are listed in Table 6-1. For example, the INT0 (External Interrupt 0) source has vector number and natural order priority 0. Thus, the External Interrupt 0 Flag Status (INT0IF) bit is found in IFS0<0>. The INT0 interrupt uses bit 0 of the IEC0 register as its Enable bit. The IPC0<2:0> bits assign the interrupt priority level for the INT0 interrupt.

Register 6-1: SR: Status Register (In CPU)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0		
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
bit 15 bit 8									

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	IPL<2:0>		RA	N	OV	Z	С
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-5 IPL<2:0>: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits^(1,2)

111 = CPU interrupt priority level is 7 (15). User interrupts disabled.

110 = CPU interrupt priority level is 6 (14)

101 = CPU interrupt priority level is 5 (13)

100 = CPU interrupt priority level is 4 (12)

011 = CPU interrupt priority level is 3 (11)

010 = CPU interrupt priority level is 2 (10)

001 = CPU interrupt priority level is 1 (9)

000 = CPU interrupt priority level is 0 (8)

Note 1: The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU interrupt priority level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL if IPL<3> = 1.

2: The IPL<2:0> status bits are read only when NSTDIS = 1 (INTCON1<15>).

bit 4-0 Not used by the Interrupt Controller

(See the "dsPIC30F/33F Programmer's Reference Manual" (DS70157) for descriptions of SR bits)

Register 6-2: CORCON: Core Control Register

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/C-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	IPL3	PSV	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-4 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 3 **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3

1 = CPU interrupt priority level is greater than 70 = CPU interrupt priority level is 7 or less

Note: The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU interrupt

priority level.

bit 2 Not used by the Interrupt Controller

(See "dsPIC30F/33F Programmer's Reference Manual" (DS70157) for descriptions of CORCON bits)

bit 1-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Register 6-3: INTCON1: Interrupt Control Register 1

R/W-0	U-0								
NSTDIS	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
bit 15 bit 8									

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
_	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **NSTDIS:** Interrupt Nesting Disable bit 1 = Interrupt nesting is disabled 0 = Interrupt nesting is enabled bit 14-7 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 6 **DIV0ERR:** Math Error Status bit 1 = Math error trap was caused by a divide by zero 0 = Math error trap was not caused by a divide by zero bit 5 **DMACERR:** DMAC Error Status bit 1 = DMAC trap has occurred 0 = DMAC trap has not occurred **MATHERR:** Math Error Status bit bit 4 1 = Overflow trap has occurred 0 = Overflow trap has not occurred bit 3 ADDRERR: Address Error Trap Status bit 1 = Address error trap has occurred 0 = Address error trap has not occurred bit 2 **STKERR:** Stack Error Trap Status bit 1 = Stack error trap has occurred 0 = Stack error trap has not occurred bit 1 **OSCFAIL:** Oscillator Failure Trap Status bit 1 = Oscillator failure trap has occurred 0 = Oscillator failure trap has not occurred bit 0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

Register 6-4: INTCON2: Interrupt Control Register 2

R/W-0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
ALTIVT	DISI	_	_	_	_	_	_	
bit 15 bit 8								

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	INT4EP	INT3EP	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 ALTIVT: Enable Alternate Interrupt Vector Table bit

1 = Use alternate vector table

0 = Use standard (default) vector table

bit 14 DISI: DISI Instruction Status bit

1 = DISI instruction is active

0 = DISI is not active

bit 13-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 INT4EP: External Interrupt #4 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 3 INT3EP: External Interrupt #3 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 2 INT2EP: External Interrupt #2 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 1 INT1EP: External Interrupt #1 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 0 INT0EP: External Interrupt #0 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge0 = Interrupt on positive edge

Register 6-5: IFS0: Interrupt Flag Status Register 0

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF
bit 15							bit 8

bit 7	<u>'</u>		•	•			bit 0
T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA01IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0

Legend:					
R = Reada	able bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		
-n = Value at POR		'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown	
bit 15	Unimple	emented: Read as '0'			

bit 15	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 14	DMA1IF: DMA Channel 1 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 13	AD1IF: ADC1 Conversion Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 12	U1TXIF: UART1 Transmitter Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 11	U1RXIF: UART1 Receiver Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
h:t 40	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 10	SPI1IF: SPI1 Event Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 9	SPI1EIF: SPI1 Fault Interrupt Flag Status bit
DIL 9	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 8	T3IF: Timer3 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 7	T2IF: Timer2 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 6	OC2IF: Output Compare Channel 2 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 5	IC2IF: Input Capture Channel 2 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 4	DMA0IF: DMA Channel 0 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
h:4 O	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 3	T1IF: Timer1 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
	- Interrupt request has not occurred

Register 6-5: IFS0: Interrupt Flag Status Register 0 (Continued)

bit 2 OC1IF: Output Compare Channel 1 Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 1 IC1IF: Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 INT0IF: External Interrupt 0 Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

Register 6-6: IFS1: Interrupt Flag Status Register 1

W = Writable bit

Legend:

R = Readable bit

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IC8IF	IC7IF	AD2IF	INT1IF	CNIF	_	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF
bit 7							bit 0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at P	POR '1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	v = Dit ie unknown
-n = value at P	OR I = BILIS SEL	0 = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown
bit 15	U2TXIF: UART2 Transmitter Interrupt Flag 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	status bit	
bit 14	U2RXIF: UART2 Receiver Interrupt Flag S 1 = Interrupt request has occurred	status bit	
bit 13	 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred INT2IF: External Interrupt 2 Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred 	t	
bit 12	T5IF: Timer5 Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred		
bit 11	T4IF: Timer4 Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred		
bit 10	OC4IF: Output Compare Channel 4 Interru 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	upt Flag Status bit	
bit 9	OC3IF: Output Compare Channel 3 Interru 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	upt Flag Status bit	
bit 8	DMA2IF: DMA Channel 2 Data Transfer C 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	omplete Interrupt Flag Status	bit
bit 7	IC8IF: Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt F 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	lag Status bit	
bit 6	IC7IF: Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt F 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	lag Status bit	
bit 5	AD2IF: ADC2 Conversion Complete Interr 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	upt Flag Status bit	
bit 4	INT1IF: External Interrupt 1 Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	t .	

Register 6-6: IFS1: Interrupt Flag Status Register 1 (Continued)

bit 3 CNIF: Input Change Notification Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 1 MI2C1IF: I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 SI2C1IF: I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

Register 6-7: IFS2: Interrupt Flag Status Register 2

Legend:

R = Readable bit

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
T6IF	DMA4IF	_	OC8IF	OC7IF	OC6IF	OC5IF	IC6IF
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IC5IF	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	C1IF	C1RXIF	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF
bit 7							bit 0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at F	POR '1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown
bit 15	T6IF: Timer6 Interrupt Flag Status 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 14	DMA4IF: DMA Channel 4 Data Tr 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu		us bit:
bit 13	Unimplemented: Read as '0'		
bit 12	OC8IF: Output Compare Channel 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	ı	
bit 11	OC7IF: Output Compare Channel 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 10	OC6IF: Output Compare Channel 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 9	OC5IF: Output Compare Channel 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 8	IC6IF: Input Capture Channel 6 In 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 7	IC5IF: Input Capture Channel 5 In 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 6	IC4IF: Input Capture Channel 4 In 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 5	IC3IF: Input Capture Channel 3 In 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu	I	
bit 4	DMA3IF: DMA Channel 3 Data Tr 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occu		us bit:
bit 3	C1IF: ECAN1 Event Interrupt Flag 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occur	I	

W = Writable bit

Register 6-7: IFS2: Interrupt Flag Status Register 2 (Continued)

bit 2 C1RXIF: ECAN1 Receive Data Ready Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 1 SPI2IF: SPI2 Event Interrupt Flag Status bit

SPIZIF: SPIZ Event Interrupt Flag Status b

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 SPI2EIF: SPI2 Error Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

Register 6-8: IFS3: Interrupt Flag Status Register 3

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
FLTAIF	_	DMA5IF	_	_	_	_	C2IF
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
C2RXIF	INT4IF	INT3IF	T9IF	T8IF	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	T7IF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read	d as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15	FLTAIF: PWM Fault A Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 14	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 13	DMA5IF: DMA Channel 5 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 12-9	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 8	C2IF: ECAN2 Event Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 7	C2RXIF: ECAN2 Receive Data Ready Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 6	INT4IF: External Interrupt 4 Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 5	·
DIL 5	INT3IF: External Interrupt 3 Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has occurred
bit 4	T9IF: Timer9 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 3	T8IF: Timer8 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 2	MI2C2IF: I2C2 Master Events Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 1	SI2C2IF: I2C2 Slave Events Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 0	T7IF: Timer7 Interrupt Flag Status bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

Register 6-9: IFS4: Interrupt Flag Status Register 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
C2TXIF	C1TXIF	DMA7IF	DMA6IF	_	U2EIF	U1EIF	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 C2TXIF: ECAN2 Transmit Data Request Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 6 C1TXIF: ECAN1 Transmit Data Request Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 5 DMA7IF: DMA Channel 7 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 4 DMA6IF: DMA Channel 6 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **U2EIF:** UART2 Error Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 1 **U1EIF:** UART1 Error Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

x = Bit is unknown

Register 6-10: IEC0: Interrupt Enable Control Register 0

W = Writable bit

'1' = Bit is set

Legend:

bit 5

bit 4

bit 3

R = Readable bit

-n = Value at POR

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE
bit 15							bit 8

bit 7							bit 0
T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 14	DMA1IE: DMA Channel 1 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 13	AD1IE: ADC1 Conversion Complete Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 12	U1TXIE: UART1 Transmitter Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 11	U1RXIE: UART1 Receiver Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 10	SPI1IE: SPI1 Event Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled
1.11.0	0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 9	SPI1EIE: SPI1 Error Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled 0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 8	·
DILO	T3IE: Timer3 Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request enabled 0 = Interrupt request not enabled
bit 7	T2IE: Timer2 Interrupt Enable bit
Dit 1	1 = Interrupt request enabled
	0 = Interrupt request enabled
bit 6	OC2IE: Output Compare Channel 2 Interrupt Enable bit
DIC O	1 = Interrupt request enabled
	0 = Interrupt request enabled

IC2IE: Input Capture Channel 2 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabledT1IE: Timer1 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

DMA0IE: DMA Channel 0 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit

Register 6-10: IEC0: Interrupt Enable Control Register 0 (Continued)

bit 2 OC1IE: Output Compare Channel 1 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 1 IC1IE: Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 0 INTOIE: External Interrupt 0 Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

x = Bit is unknown

Register 6-11: IEC1: Interrupt Enable Control Register 1

W = Writable bit

Legend:

R = Readable bit

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-C	R/W-0	R/W-0
U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IC8IE	IC7IE	AD2IE	INT1IE	CNIE	_	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE
bit 7							bit 0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POF	R '1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
bit 15	J2TXIE: UART2 Transmitter Interrupt Enal	ble bit
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
	J2RXIE: UART2 Receiver Interrupt Enable	e bit
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
1	NT2IE: External Interrupt 2 Enable bit = Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
bit 12 T	T5IE: Timer5 Interrupt Enable bit	
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
bit 11 T	74IE: Timer4 Interrupt Enable bit	
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
bit 10 C	OC4IE: Output Compare Channel 4 Interru	ıpt Enable bit
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
	OC3IE: Output Compare Channel 3 Interru	ıpt Enable bit
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	
	DMA2IE: DMA Channel 2 Data Transfer C	omplete Interrupt Enable bit
	= Interrupt request has occurred = Interrupt request has not occurred	
	C8IE: Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt E	nable bit
	= Interrupt request has occurred = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 6	C7IE: Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt E	inable bit
	= Interrupt request has occurred = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 5	AD2IE: ADC2 Conversion Complete Interre	upt Enable bit
	= Interrupt request has occurred = Interrupt request has not occurred	
	NT1IE: External Interrupt 1 Enable bit	
	= Interrupt request enabled = Interrupt request not enabled	

Register 6-11: IEC1: Interrupt Enable Control Register 1 (Continued)

bit 3 CNIE: Input Change Notification Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 1 MI2C1IE: I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 0 SI2C1IE: I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

Register 6-12: IEC2: Interrupt Enable Control Register 2

W = Writable bit

Legend:

R = Readable bit

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
T6IE	DMA4IE	_	OC8IE	OC7IE	OC6IE	OC5IE	IC6IE
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IC5IE	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	C1IE	C1RXIE	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE
bit 7							bit 0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at P	OR '1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown
bit 15	T6IE: Timer6 Interrupt Enable bit		
	1 = Interrupt request enabled		
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 14	DMA4IE: DMA Channel 4 Data Trans	fer Complete Interrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	i	
bit 13	Unimplemented: Read as '0'		
bit 12	OC8IE: Output Compare Channel 8 In	nterrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 11	OC7IE: Output Compare Channel 7 In	nterrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 10	OC6IE: Output Compare Channel 6 In	nterrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled		
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 9	OC5IE: Output Compare Channel 5 In	nterrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled 0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 8	IC6IE: Input Capture Channel 6 Interr	upt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled		
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 7	IC5IE: Input Capture Channel 5 Interr	upt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled		
bit 6	0 = Interrupt request not enabledIC4IE: Input Capture Channel 4 Interr	unt Enable bit	
Dit 0	1 = Interrupt request enabled	upt Enable bit	
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 5	IC3IE: Input Capture Channel 3 Intern	upt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request enabled		
	0 = Interrupt request not enabled		
bit 4	DMA3IE: DMA Channel 3 Data Trans	fer Complete Interrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	1	
bit 3	C1IE: ECAN1 Event Interrupt Enable		
-	1 = Interrupt request has occurred		
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	I	

Register 6-12: IEC2: Interrupt Enable Control Register 2 (Continued)

bit 2 C1RXIE: ECAN1 Receive Data Ready Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurredSPI2IE: SPI2 Event Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 0 SPI2EIE: SPI2 Error Interrupt Enable bit

bit 1

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled positive

x = Bit is unknown

Register 6-13: IEC3: Interrupt Enable Control Register 3

Legend:

bit 0

R = Readable bit

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
FLTAIE	_	DMA5IE	_	_	_	_	C2IE
bit 15 bit 8							

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
C2RXIE	INT4IE	INT3IE	T9IE	T8IE	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	T7IE
bit 7							bit 0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
-n = Value at Po	OR '1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
bit 15	FLTAIE: PWM Fault A Interrupt Enable bi	t
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 14	Unimplemented: Read as '0'	
bit 13	DMA5IE: DMA Channel 5 Data Transfer 0	Complete Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 12-9	Unimplemented: Read as '0'	
bit 8	C2IE: ECAN2 Event Interrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 7	C2RXIE: ECAN2 Receive Data Ready Int	errupt Enable bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 6	INT4IE: External Interrupt 4 Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 5	INT3IE: External Interrupt 3 Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 4	T9IE: Timer9 Interrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 3	T8IE: Timer8 Interrupt Enable bit	
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 2	MI2C2IE: I2C2 Master Events Interrupt E	nable bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	
bit 1	SI2C2IE: I2C2 Slave Events Interrupt Ena	able bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred	

T7IE: Timer7 Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

W = Writable bit

Register 6-14: IEC4: Interrupt Enable Control Register 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15 bit 8							

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
C2TXIE	C1TXIE	DMA7IE	DMA6IE	_	U2EIE	U1EIE	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 C2TXIE: ECAN2 Transmit Data Request Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 6 C1TXIE: ECAN1 Transmit Data Request Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 5 DMA7IE: DMA Channel 7 Data Transfer Complete Enable Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 4 DMA6IE: DMA Channel 6 Data Transfer Complete Enable Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2 **U2EIE:** UART2 Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 1 **U1EIE:** UART1 Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

x = Bit is unknown

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Register 6-15: IPC0: Interrupt Priority Control Register 0

Legend:

bit 3

bit 2-0

R = Readable bit

-n = Value at POR

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		T1IP<2:0>		_		OC1IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		IC1IP<2:0>		_		INT0IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'0' = Bit is cleared

```
bit 15
                Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 14-12
                T1IP<2:0>: Timer1 Interrupt Priority bits
                111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
                001 = Interrupt is priority 1
                000 = Interrupt source is disabled
bit 11
                Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 10-8
                OC1IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 1 Interrupt Priority bits
                111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
                001 = Interrupt is priority 1
                000 = Interrupt source is disabled
bit 7
                Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 6-4
                IC1IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Priority bits
                111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
                001 = Interrupt is priority 1
```

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

INT0IP<2:0>: External Interrupt 0 Priority bits
111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

W = Writable bit

'1' = Bit is set

Register 6-16: IPC1: Interrupt Priority Control Register 1

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		T2IP<2:0>		_		OC2IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		IC2IP<2:0>		_		DMA0IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'1' = Bit is set -n = Value at POR '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 14-12 T2IP<2:0>: Timer2 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 10-8 OC2IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 2 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 IC2IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 2 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 DMA0IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 0 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-17: IPC2: Interrupt Priority Control Register 2

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		U1RXIP<2:0>		_		SPI1IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		SPI1EIP<2:0>		_		T3IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:R = Readable bitW = Writable bitU = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'-n = Value at POR'1' = Bit is set'0' = Bit is clearedx = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 14-12 U1RXIP<2:0>: UART1 Receiver Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 10-8 SPI1IP<2:0>: SPI1 Event Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 6-4 SPI1EIP<2:0>: SPI1 Error Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 2-0 T3IP<2:0>: Timer3 Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

Register 6-18: IPC3: Interrupt Priority Control Register 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_		DMA1IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		AD1IP<2:0>		_		U1TXIP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 DMA1IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 1 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 AD1IP<2:0>: ADC1 Conversion Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **U1TXIP<2:0>:** UART1 Transmitter Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

IPC4: Interrupt Priority Control Register 4 Register 6-19:

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_		CNIP<2:0>		_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		MI2C1IP<2:0>		_		SI2C1IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

R = Readable bit

Legend:

W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 14-12 CNIP<2:0>: Change Notification Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11-7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 MI2C1IP<2:0>: I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 SI2C1IP<2:0>: I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-20: IPC5: Interrupt Priority Control Register 5

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		IC8IP<2:0>		_		IC7IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		AD2IP<2:0>		_		INT1IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'1' = Bit is set -n = Value at POR '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 14-12 IC8IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 10-8 IC7IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 AD2IP<2:0>: ADC2 Conversion Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 INT1IP<2:0>: External Interrupt 1 Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

IPC6: Interrupt Priority Control Register 6 Register 6-21:

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		T4IP<2:0>		_		OC4IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		OC3IP<2:0>		_		DMA2IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend: R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 14-12 T4IP<2:0>: Timer4 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 10-8 OC4IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 4 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 OC3IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 3 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 DMA2IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 2 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-22: IPC7: Interrupt Priority Control Register 7

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		U2TXIP<2:0>		_		U2RXIP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		INT2IP<2:0>		_		T5IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:R = Readable bitW = Writable bitU = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'-n = Value at POR'1' = Bit is set'0' = Bit is clearedx = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 14-12 U2TXIP<2:0>: UART2 Transmitter Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 10-8 U2RXIP<2:0>: UART2 Receiver Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 6-4 INT2IP<2:0>: External Interrupt 2 Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 2-0 T5IP<2:0>: Timer5 Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

Register 6-23: IPC8: Interrupt Priority Control Register 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		C1IP<2:0>		_		C1RXIP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		SPI2IP<2:0>		_		SPI2EIP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

 Legend:
 R = Readable bit
 W = Writable bit
 U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

 -n = Value at POR
 '1' = Bit is set
 '0' = Bit is cleared
 x = Bit is unknown

bit 15

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

C1IP<2:0>: ECAN1 Event Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

C1RXIP<2:0>: ECAN1 Receive Data Ready Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

111

001 = Interrupt is priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **SPI2IP<2:0>:** SPI2 Event Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **SPI2EIP<2:0>:** SPI2 Error Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-24: IPC9: Interrupt Priority Control Register 9

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		IC5IP<2:0>		_		IC4IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		IC3IP<2:0>		_		DMA3IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 IC5IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 5 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 IC4IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 4 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

.

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 IC3IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 3 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 DMA3IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 3 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-25: IPC10: Interrupt Priority Control Register 10

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		OC7IP<2:0>		_		OC6IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		OC5IP<2:0>		_		IC6IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 OC7IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 7 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

01 - letermint :

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 OC6IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 6 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 OC5IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 5 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 IC6IP<2:0>: Input Capture Channel 6 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

,

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-26: IPC11: Interrupt Priority Control Register 11

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		T6IP<2:0>		_		DMA4IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_		OC8IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **T6IP<2:0>:** Timer6 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 DMA4IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 4 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 OC8IP<2:0>: Output Compare Channel 8 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-27: IPC12: Interrupt Priority Control Register 12

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		T8IP<2:0>		_		MI2C2IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		SI2C2IP<2:0>		_		T7IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:R = Readable bitW = Writable bitU = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'-n = Value at POR'1' = Bit is set'0' = Bit is clearedx = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 14-12 T8IP<2:0>: Timer8 Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 10-8 MI2C2IP<2:0>: I2C2 Master Events Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 6-4 SI2C2IP<2:0>: I2C2 Slave Events Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1 000 = Interrupt source is disabled bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 2-0 T7IP<2:0>: Timer7 Interrupt Priority bits 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt) 001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-28: IPC13: Interrupt Priority Control Register 13

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		C2RXIP<2:0>		_		INT4IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		INT3IP<2:0>		_		T9IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'1' = Bit is set -n = Value at POR '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 14-12 C2RXIP<2:0>: ECAN2 Receive Data Ready Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 11

bit 10-8 INT4IP<2:0>: External Interrupt 4 Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 INT3IP<2:0>: External Interrupt 3 Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 T9IP<2:0>: Timer9 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-29: IPC14: Interrupt Priority Control Register 14

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_		C2IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **C2IP<2:0>:** ECAN2 Event Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

Register 6-30: IPC15: Interrupt Priority Control Register 15

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_		DMA5IP<2:0>		_		_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 DMA5IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 5 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Register 6-31: IPC16: Interrupt Priority Control Register 16

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_		U2EIP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_		U1EIP<2:0>		_	_	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared -n = Value at POR x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

U2EIP<2:0>: UART2 Error Interrupt Priority bits bit 10-8

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 U1EIP<2:0>: UART1 Error Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

Register 6-32: IPC17: Interrupt Priority Control Register 17

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		C2TXIP<2:0>		_		C1TXIP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		DMA7IP<2:0>		_		DMA6IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 C2TXIP<2:0>: ECAN2 Transmit Data Request Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 C1TXIP<2:0>: ECAN1 Transmit Data Request Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

.

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 DMA7IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 7 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 DMA6IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 6 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

6.5 INTERRUPT SETUP PROCEDURES

6.5.1 Initialization

To configure an interrupt source:

- 1. Set the NSTDIS control bit (INTCON1<15>) if you do not plan to use nested interrupts.
- 2. Select the user-assigned priority level for the interrupt source by writing the control bits in the appropriate IPCx Control register. The priority level depends on the specific application and type of interrupt source. If you do not plan to use multiple priority levels, you can program the IPCx register control bits for all enabled interrupt sources to the same non-zero value.

Note: At a device Reset, the IPC registers are initialized with all user interrupt sources assigned to priority level 4.

- 3. Clear the interrupt flag status bit associated with the peripheral in the associated IFSx Status register.
- 4. Enable the interrupt source by setting the interrupt enable control bit associated with the source in the appropriate IECx Control register.

6.5.2 Interrupt Service Routine

The method used to declare an ISR and initialize the Interrupt Vector Table with the correct vector address depends on the programming language (C or Assembler) and the language development tool suite used to develop the application. In general, the user application must clear the interrupt flag in the appropriate IFSx register for the source of interrupt that the ISR handles. Otherwise, the application will immediately re-enter the ISR after it exits the routine. If you code the ISR in Assembler, it must be terminated using a RETFIE instruction to unstack the saved PC value, SRL value and old CPU priority level.

6.5.3 Trap Service Routine

A Trap Service Routine (TSR) is coded like an ISR, except that the code must clear the appropriate trap status flag in the INTCON1 register to avoid re-entry into the TSR.

6.5.4 Interrupt Disable

To disable interrupts:

- 1. Push the current SR value onto the software stack using the PUSH instruction.
- 2. Force the CPU to priority level 7 by inclusive ORing the value 0xE0 with SRL.

To enable user interrupts, you can use the POP instruction to restore the previous SR value.

Note: Only user interrupts with a priority level of 7 or less can be disabled. Trap sources (level 8-level 15) cannot be disabled.

The DISI instruction disables interrupts of priority levels 1-6 for a fixed period of time. Level 7 interrupt sources are not disabled by the DISI instruction.

6.5.5 Code Example

Example 6-1 illustrates code that enables nested interrupts and sets up Timer1, Timer2, Timer3, Timer4 and change notice peripherals to priority levels 2, 5, 6, 3 and 4, respectively. It also illustrates how interrupts can be enabled and disabled using the Status Register. Sample ISRs illustrate interrupt clearing.

Example 6-1: Interrupt Setup Code Example

```
void enableInterrupts(void)
    /* Set CPU IPL to 0, enable level 1-7 interrupts */
   /* No restoring of previous CPU IPL state performed here */
   SRbits.IPL = 0;
   return;
void disableInterrupts(void)
   /* Set CPU IPL to 7, disable level 1-7 interrupts */
   /* No saving of current CPU IPL setting performed here */
   SRbits.IPL = 7;
   return;
void initInterrupts(void)
    /* Interrupt nesting enabled here */
   INTCON1bits.NSTDIS = 0;
    /* Set Timer3 interrupt priority to 6 (level 7 is highest) */
   IPC2bits.T3IP = 6;
   /* Set Timer2 interrupt priority to 5 */
   IPC1bits.T2IP = 5;
    /* Set Change Notice interrupt priority to 4 */
   IPC4bits.CNIP = 4;
    /* Set Timer4 interrupt priority to 3 */
   IPC6bits.T4IP = 3;
   /* Set Timer1 interrupt priority to 2 */
   IPCObits.T1IP = 2;
   /* Reset Timer1 interrupt flag */
   IFSObits.T1IF = 0;
    /* Reset Timer2 interrupt flag */
   IFSObits.T2IF = 0;
   /* Reset Timer3 interrupt flag */
   IFSObits.T3IF = 0;
    /* Reset Timer4 interrupt flag */
   IFS1bits.T4IF = 0;
    /* Enable CN interrupts */
   IEC1bits.CNIE = 1;
```

Example 6-1: Interrupt Setup Code Example (Continued)

```
/* Enable Timer1 interrupt */
   IECObits.T1IE = 1;
    /* Enable Timer2 interrupt (PWM time base) */
   IECObits.T2IE = 1;
    /* Enable Timer3 interrupt */
   IECObits.T3IE = 1;
    /* Enable Timer4 interrupt (replacement for Timer 2 */
   IEC1bits.T4IE = 1;
    /* Reset change notice interrupt flag */
   IFS1bits.CNIF = 0;
   return;
}
void __attribute__((__interrupt__)) _TlInterrupt(void)
   /* Insert ISR Code Here*/
   /* Clear Timer1 interrupt */
   IFSObits.T1IF = 0;
void __attribute__((__interrupt__)) _T2Interrupt(void)
   /* Insert ISR Code Here*/
   /* Clear Timer2 interrupt */
   IFSObits.T2IF = 0;
void __attribute__((__interrupt__)) _T3Interrupt(void)
   /* Insert ISR Code Here*/
   /* Clear Timer3 interrupt */
   IFSObits.T3IF = 0;
}
void attribute (( interrupt )) T4Interrupt(void)
   /* Insert ISR Code Here*/
    /* Clear Timer4 interrupt */
   IFS1bits.T4IF = 0;
void attribute (( interrupt )) CNInterrupt(void)
   /* Insert ISR Code Here*/
    /* Clear CN interrupt */
   IFS1bits.CNIF = 0;
```

Table 6-2: Interrupt Controller Register Map

File Name	ADR	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
INTCON1	0800	NSTDIS	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	_	0000
INTCON2	0082	ALTIVT	DISI	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	INT4EP	INT3EP	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	0000
IFS0	0084		DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0086	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	IC8IF	IC7IF	AD2IF	INT1IF	CNIF	_	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000
IFS2	0088	T6IF	DMA4IF	_	OC8IF	OC7IF	OC6IF	OC5IF	IC6IF	IC5IF	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	C1IF	C1RXIF	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000
IFS3	008A	_	_	DMA5IF	_	_	_	_	C2IF	C2RXIF	INT4IF	INT3IF	T9IF	T8IF	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	T7IF	0000
IFS4	008C		_	_		_	_	_	_	C2TXIF	C1TXIF	DMA7IF	DMA6IF	_	U2EIF	U1EIF	_	0000
IFS5	008E		_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
IFS6	0090	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	0000
IFS7	0092	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
IEC0	0094	ı	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000
IEC1	0096	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	IC8IE	IC7IE	AD2IE	INT1IE	CNIE	_	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000
IEC2	0098	T6IE	DMA4IE	_	OC8IE	OC7IE	OC6IE	OC5IE	IC6IE	IC5IE	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	C1IE	C1RXIE	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE	0000
IEC3	009A		_	DMA5IE		_	_		C2IE	C2RXIE	INT4IE	INT3IE	T9IE	T8IE	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	T7IE	0000
IEC4	009C		_	_	_	_	_		_	C2TXIE	C1TXIE	DMA7IE	DMA6IE	_	U2EIE	U1EIE	_	0000
IEC5	009E	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
IEC6	00A0		_	_		_	_		_		_	_		_	_	_		0000
IEC7	00A2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
IPC0	00A4	_		T1IP<2:0>		_	OC1IP<2:0>			_	IC1IP<2:0>			_	INT0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC1	00A6	_		T2IP<2:0>		_	OC2IP<2:0>				IC2IP<2:0>			_	DMA0IP<2:0>)>	4444
IPC2	00A8	_	ι	J1RXIP<2:0	>	_	SPI1IP<2:0>				SPI1EIP<2:0>			_	T3IP<2:0>			4444
IPC3	00AA		_	_	_	_	DMA1IP<2:0>				AD1IP<2:0>			_	U1TXIP<2:0>		>	4444
IPC4	00AC	_		CNIP<2:0>		_			_	MI2C1IP<2:0>			_	SI2C1IP<2:0		>	4444	
IPC5	00AE	_	IC8IP<2:0>			_	IC7IP<2:0>		_	AD2IP<2:0>		_	INT1IP<2:0		>	4444		
IPC6	00B0	-	T4IP<2:0>			_	OC4IP<2:0>)>	_	OC3IP<2:0>			_	DMA2IP<2:0>			4444
IPC7	00B2	_	U2TXIP<2:0>		_	U2RXIP<2:0>		_	INT2IP<2:0>			_	T5IP<2:0>			4444		
IPC8	00B4		C1IP<2:0>		_	C1RXIP<2:0>			SPI2IP<2:0>		_	SPI2EIP<2:0>)>	4444			
IPC9	00B6		IC5IP<2:0>			IC4IP<2:0>		_	IC3IP<2:0>		_	DMA3IP<2:0>)>	4444			
IPC10	00B8	I	OC7IP<2:0>		ı	OC6IP<2:0>		_	OC5IP<2:0>		_	IC6IP<2:0>			4444			
IPC11	00BA	ı	T6IP<2:0>		-	DMA4IP<2:0>		_			_	OC8IP<2:0>		4444				
IPC12	00BC	_	T8IP<2:0>		_	MI2C2IP<2:0>			SI2C2IP<2:0>			_	T7IP<2:0>			4444		
IPC13	00BE	_	C2RXIP<2:0>		_	INT4IP<2:0>			INT3IP<2:0>		_	T9IP<2:0>			4444			

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Table 6-2:	Interrupt Controller Register Map (Continued)
Iable 0-2.	interrupt controller register map (continued)

File Name	ADR	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IPC14	00C0	ı	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_			_	C2IP<2:0>		4444		
IPC15	00C2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		DMA5IP<2:0	>	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC16	00C4	-	_	_	_	_	U2EIP<2:0>		_	U1EIP<2:0>		_	_	_	_	4444		
IPC17	00C6	_	(C2TXIP<2:0	>	_	_ C1		C1TXIP<2:0>		DMA7IP<2:0>		_	DMA6IP<2:0>		4444		
IPC18	00C8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC19	00CA	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC20	00CC	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC21	00CE	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC22	00D0	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC23	00D2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC24	00D4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC25	00D6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC26	00D8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC27	00DA	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444
IPC28	00DC		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		4444
IPC29	00DE	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4444

6.6 DESIGN TIPS

Question 1: What happens when two sources of interrupt become pending at the same time and have the same user-assigned priority level?

Answer: The interrupt source with the highest natural order priority will take precedence. The natural order priority is determined by the Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) address for that source. Interrupt sources with a lower IVT address have a higher natural order priority.

Question 2: Can the DISI instruction be used to disable all sources of interrupt and traps?

Answer: The DISI instruction does not disable traps or priority level 7 interrupt sources. However, the DISI instruction can be used as a convenient way to disable all interrupt sources if no priority level 7 interrupt sources are enabled in the user's application.

Question 3: What happens when a peripheral interrupt is used as a DMA request?

Answer: The user application can designate any peripheral interrupt to be a DMA request. A DMA request is an IRQ that is directed to the DMA. When the DMA channel is configured to respond to a particular interrupt as a DMA request, the application should disable the corresponding CPU interrupt. Otherwise a CPU interrupt would also be requested.

6.7 RELATED APPLICATION NOTES

This section lists application notes that are related to this section of the manual. These application notes may not be written specifically for the PIC24H Product Family, but the concepts are pertinent and could be used with modification and possible limitations. The current application notes related to the Interrupts module are:

Title Application Note #

No related application notes at this time.

Note: Please visit the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) for additional Application Notes and code examples for the PIC24H family of devices.

6.8 REVISION HISTORY

Revision A

This is the initial release of this document. (February 2007)